### CASE NO. 00007064

APPLICATION OF CENTERPOINT	§	BEFORE THE
ENERGY RESOURCES CORP., D/B/A	§	
CENTERPOINT ENERGY ENTEX,	§	RAILROAD COMMISSION
CENTERPOINT ENERGY ARKLA AND	§	
CENTERPOINT ENERGY TEXAS GAS	§	OF TEXAS
FOR CUSTOMER RATE RELIEF AND	§	
RELATED REGULATORY ASSET	§	
DETERMINATION	§	

### **DIRECT TESTIMONY**

**OF** 

TALMADGE R. CENTERS, JR.

ON BEHALF OF

CENTERPOINT ENERGY RESOURCES CORP.
D/B/A CENTERPOINT ENERGY ENTEX,
CENTERPOINT ENERGY ARKLA
AND
CENTERPOINT ENERGY TEXAS GAS

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#### EXECUTIVE SUMMARY OF TALMADGE R. CENTERS, JR.

- 2 CenterPoint Energy Resources Corp. ("CERC") d/b/a CenterPoint Energy Entex,
- 3 CenterPoint Energy Arkla, and CenterPoint Energy Texas Gas ("CenterPoint" or the
- 4 "Company") as presented in this filing. My testimony supports the Company's request for
- 5 customer rate relief by securitizing extraordinary costs incurred as a result of Winter Storm
- 6 Uri. In summary, my testimony:

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- Provides an overview of the Company's filing;
- Describes CERC's local distribution system operations in Texas;
- Details actions taken in advance of Winter Storm Uri by CERC and in response the
   Railroad Commission of Texas' ("Commission") Emergency Order issued
   February 12, 2021;
- Discusses the operational environment encountered by the Company during the storm; and
- Supports the Company's request to securitize approximately \$1,141,278,934 in extraordinary costs incurred as a result of Winter Storm Uri.
  - Together with the other witnesses and evidence presented by CERC in this proceeding, my testimony demonstrates that the Company's actions to procure firm gas supply for its human needs customers before, during and after Winter Storm Uri were prudent, reasonable and necessary. Securitization of these gas costs, along with other costs that have been necessarily incurred due to Winter Storm Uri, provides tangible and quantifiable benefits for customers greater than would be achieved absent the issuance of
- 22 customer rate relief bonds and is the most cost-effective method for funding CenterPoint's
- regulatory asset balance. Securitization is in the public interest and the Company's request
- should be approved.

### 1 DIRECT TESTIMONY OF TALMADGE R. CENTERS, JR.

### 2 I. <u>INTRODUCTION AND QUALIFICATIONS</u>

### 3 Q. PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND PRESENT TITLE.

- A. My name is Talmadge R. Centers, Jr., and I am CERC's Division Vice President
   Regional Operations for Texas. I have direct responsibility for the gas distribution
   operations in the state of Texas. My business address is 1111 Louisiana Street,
- 7 Houston, Texas 77002.

### 8 Q. DESCRIBE YOUR EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND AND

#### 9 **PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE.**

10 I graduated from Texas A&M University in 1985 with a Bachelor of Science A. 11 degree in Mechanical Engineering, as well as an Executive MBA degree from 12 Texas A&M University in 2006. I began my career with Entex, a CenterPoint 13 Energy, Inc. ("CNP") predecessor company, in August of 1985. Since that time, I 14 have been employed by CNP or one of its affiliates. My positions within the 15 Company have included Senior/Chief/Manager/Director of Engineering, Chief 16 Engineer/Manager of Operations in Mississippi, Manager/Director of Operations 17 in Houston, Regional Vice President in Minnesota, Division Vice President of 18 System Integrity and Safety, Vice President of Safety/Training/Environmental, and 19 my present position within CERC is Division Vice President Regional Operations 20 for Texas. I was named to my present position in 2019, at which time I assumed 21 responsibility for all gas distribution operations in the state of Texas, except for the 22 Texarkana area, which is managed by our Arkansas and Oklahoma regions.

### 1 Q. HAVE YOU TESTIFIED IN PRIOR REGULATORY PROCEEDINGS

- 2 BEFORE ANY OTHER REGULATORY AUTHORITIES?
- 3 A. Yes. I provided testimony in Gas Utilities Docket Nos. 9469, 10567 and 10920.
- 4 Additionally, I provided testimony to the Minnesota Utilities Commission in
- 5 dockets G-008/GR-13-316, G-008/GR-15-424 and G-008/GR-17-285.

### 6 Q. HAVE YOU PREPARED ANY EXHIBITS IN CONNECTION WITH YOUR

- 7 TESTIMONY?
- 8 A. Yes. I have prepared or supervised the preparation of the exhibits listed in the table
- 9 of contents.

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### II. SCOPE AND PURPOSE OF TESTIMONY

- 11 O. PLEASE DISCUSS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY.
- 12 A. My testimony provides an overview of the Company's customer rate relief filing.
- I also describe CERC's Texas local distribution system operations and explain how
- the Company's natural gas delivery system functions on a day-to-day basis. I
- describe the essential role that access to a firm and reliable gas supply plays in both
- 16 meeting customer demand requirements and in maintaining required system
- pressure. My testimony explains the operational consequences that will occur if
- gas volumes fall below system pressure requirements and describes the operational
- activities undertaken by CERC before, during, and after the February 2021 Winter
- Storm Uri to ensure system reliability and the continued provision of gas service to
- 21 human needs customers in Texas. Finally, my testimony summarizes and supports
- 22 the Company's request to securitize approximately \$1,141,278,934 in
- 23 extraordinary costs incurred as result of Winter Storm Uri.

1	Q.	HOW DOES YOUR TESTIMONY RELATE TO THE TESTIMONY OF
2		OTHER WITNESSES?
3	A.	My testimony provides an overview of CERC's filing and outlines the operational
4		details for executing natural gas delivery to our customers in Texas. It is
5		complementary to testimony provided by Mr. Brian Wagaman in the Company's
6		Gas Supply Department, Ms. Mary Kirk, Director of Accounting, Ms. Bernadette
7		Johnson with Enverus, Inc. ("Enverus"), and Dr. Bruce Fairchild, a principal with
8		Financial Concepts and Applications, Inc. ("FINCAP").
9		III. OVERVIEW OF THE COMPANY'S FILING
10	Q.	WHY IS THE COMPANY MAKING THIS FILING?
11	A.	This filing is in accordance with the Commission's June 17, 2021, Notice to Gas
12		Utilities ("June 17th Notice"), which established a procedure for gas utilities
13		seeking a regulatory asset determination pursuant to House Bill ("H.B.") 1520,
14		Texas Utilities Code, chapter 104, subchapter I, and invited utilities to participate
15		in securitization of extraordinary costs resulting from February 2021 Winter Storm
16		Uri. I have included H.B. 1520 as Exhibit TRC-1 to my testimony. The
17		Commission's June 17th Notice instructed gas utilities desiring to participate in
18		securitization pursuant to H.B. 1520 to file an Application for Regulatory Asset
19		Determination ("Application") on Friday, July 30, 2021 and the Company has met
20		the Commission's deadline for filing.
21	Q.	WHAT ACTION IS CERC SEEKING FROM THE COMMISSION
22		THROUGH THIS FILING?
23	A.	The Company is requesting a determination that \$1,141,278,934 in extraordinary
24		costs due to Winter Storm Uri were prudently, reasonably, and necessarily incurred

on behalf of its Texas customers and are eligible for securitization and recovery in accordance with H.B. 1520. The evidence presented by the Company also demonstrates that securitization financing is the most cost-effective and affordable method of reimbursing CERC for its extraordinary gas costs. However, if the Commission concludes that securitization financing proves not to be beneficial for customers, the Company requests authority to recover the approved regulatory asset balance as a uniform, volumetric rate through the gas cost recovery mechanisms applicable in its various Texas divisions over a three-year period. Finally, the Company has requested that the Commission immediately initiate a proceeding to issue a financing order related to securitizing Winter Storm Uri costs. The initiation of a financing order proceeding at this time will allow that case to process simultaneously with this Application and avoid unnecessary delay in the issuance of securitization bonds and the incurrence of additional carrying costs. THE **COMPANY REQUESTING A REGULATORY** ASSET DETERMINATION FOR ALL OF ITS EXTRAORDINARY COSTS INCURRED AS A RESULT OF WINTER STORM URI?

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### 14 Q. 15 16

A. No. Consistent with the Commission's June 17th Notice, the extraordinary costs included in the Company's filing are those related to the extraordinary gas costs incurred during February 2021, and certain additional expenses. The Company will present the other extraordinary costs incurred to provide service to customers during Winter Storm Uri for review and recovery in a future rate proceeding.

1	Q.	DO	THE	REGULATORY	ASSET	BALANCES	PRESENTED	FOR

- 2 RECOVERY IN THIS PROCEEDING INCLUDE ANY AFFILIATE
- 3 COSTS?
- 4 A. No.

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- 5 Q. IN ADDITION TO YOURSELF, WHAT OTHER WITNESSES PRESENT
- 6 TESTIMONY IN SUPPORT OF THE COMPANY'S APPLICATION?
- 7 A. In addition to my testimony, the Company is presenting the direct testimony, 8 exhibits, and supporting schedules of five other witnesses.

Ms. Mary A. Kirk, Director of Accounting for CenterPoint Energy Service Company, LLC ("Service Company") sponsors the Company's books and records, the accounting schedules presented in this Application, and the Company's total regulatory asset balance. Mr. Brian Wagaman, Vice President of Gas Supply for CERC, supports the prudence of the Company's extraordinary gas costs. He describes CERC's Gas Supply Plan, the objectives of the plan, and the manner in which the plan is executed. Mr. Wagaman describes the actions taken by CERC's Gas Supply organization during Winter Storm Uri to ensure that the Company had sufficient gas supply to provide service to all its human needs customers without interruption. Ms. Bernadette Johnson, a principal with Enverus, provides testimony summarizing the natural gas market conditions encountered by CERC and other utilities during Winter Storm Uri and provides an independent third-party review of how the Company's Gas Supply Plan functioned during the storm. Finally, Dr. Bruce Fairchild, a principal with FINCAP, demonstrates that the use of securitization financing will provide tangible and quantifiable benefits to

1		customers, greater than would be achieved absent the issuance of customer rate
2		relief bonds. Dr. Fairchild describes the proposed structuring, expected pricing,
3		and proposed financing costs of customer rate relief bonds, and further explains
4		that customer rate relief bond financing for extraordinary costs is the most cost-
5		effective method of funding regulatory asset reimbursement.
6	Q.	WERE THE DOCUMENTS INCLUDED WITH YOUR TESTIMONY
7		PREPARED BY YOU OR UNDER YOUR DIRECT SUPERVISION?
8	A.	Yes.
9	Q.	PLEASE DISCUSS HOW THE COMPANY IS SUPPORTING THE
10		EXTRAORDINARY GAS COSTS REQUESTED IN THIS FILING.
11	A.	CERC is supporting the regulatory asset balances at issue in this filing by providing
12		the information required in the Commission's June 17th Notice. Extraordinary gas
13		costs are provided on a division-by-division basis. Schedules supporting the
14		Company's request are attached to Ms. Kirk's testimony and are jointly sponsored
15		by myself, Ms. Kirk, and Mr. Wagaman.
16	Q.	CNP RECENTLY ANNOUNCED THE SALE OF CERTAIN LDC ASSETS
17		IN OKLAHOMA, ARKANSAS AND TEXARKANA, TEXAS. HOW IS THE
18		COMPANY PRESENTING ANY EXTRAORDINARY GAS COSTS
19		RELATED TO ASSETS THAT ARE SUBJECT TO THAT SALE
20		PROCEEDING?
21	A.	The Winter Storm Uri extraordinary gas costs associated with CERC's Texarkana
22		assets are presented separately in the Company's schedules as a stand-alone Texas
23		Division, consistent with the manner in which the Company's Purchase Gas

1		Adjustment ("PGA") tariffs operate. As Ms. Kirk testifies, the Texarkana Winter
2		Storm Uri extraordinary gas costs have been separately tracked and accounted for
3		so that the new owner of those assets will have clear direction on how to account
4		for, recover and remit any amounts securitized.
5	Q.	WHAT STANDARD SHOULD THE COMMISSION APPLY IN
6		REVIEWING THE REASONABLENESS AND NECESSITY OF THE
7		COMPANY'S EXTRAORDINARY COSTS?
8	A.	The reasonableness and necessity of the Company's extraordinary costs should be
9		evaluated based on the circumstances that existed at the time Winter Storm Uri
10		occurred and, on the resources, and information reasonably available to CERC
11		during the storm.
12 13		IV. OVERVIEW OF CERC'S LOCAL DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM OPERATIONS IN TEXAS
14	Q.	PLEASE PROVIDE A GENERAL OVERVIEW OF CERC'S LOCAL
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13		DISTRIBUTION OPERATIONS IN TEXAS.
16	A.	<b>DISTRIBUTION OPERATIONS IN TEXAS.</b> CenterPoint delivers natural gas and transportation services to approximately
	A.	
16	A.	CenterPoint delivers natural gas and transportation services to approximately
16 17	A.	CenterPoint delivers natural gas and transportation services to approximately 1.7 million customers in Texas. The system serves over 262 cities in 85 counties
16 17 18	A.	CenterPoint delivers natural gas and transportation services to approximately 1.7 million customers in Texas. The system serves over 262 cities in 85 counties and comprises of over 34,000 miles of gas main with 826 custody transfer points
16 17 18 19	A.	CenterPoint delivers natural gas and transportation services to approximately 1.7 million customers in Texas. The system serves over 262 cities in 85 counties and comprises of over 34,000 miles of gas main with 826 custody transfer points (city gate stations). Included with my testimony is a statewide map of the
16 17 18 19 20	A.	CenterPoint delivers natural gas and transportation services to approximately 1.7 million customers in Texas. The system serves over 262 cities in 85 counties and comprises of over 34,000 miles of gas main with 826 custody transfer points (city gate stations). Included with my testimony is a statewide map of the Company's system, as well as maps of the Company's five individual operating
16 17 18 19 20 21	A.	CenterPoint delivers natural gas and transportation services to approximately 1.7 million customers in Texas. The system serves over 262 cities in 85 counties and comprises of over 34,000 miles of gas main with 826 custody transfer points (city gate stations). Included with my testimony is a statewide map of the Company's system, as well as maps of the Company's five individual operating divisions. See Exhibit TRC-2. Our operations employ over 1,200 employees as

over 94.5 Bcf of natural gas annually. The actual demand for the 2020 – 2021 annual season was 99.0 Bcf. Our operations safety and compliance are regulated by the Commission in conjunction with the Pipeline and Hazardous Material Safety Administration at the federal level.

# 5 Q. IS YOUR TESTIMONY PROVIDING INFORMATION RELATING TO 6 THE COMPANY'S ENTEX AND ARKLA DIVISION IN TEXAS?

7 A. Yes, the Company has four Entex divisions and, as I note above, one Arkla division 8 in Texas that is currently in the process of being sold.

# 9 Q. IN GENERAL TERMS, HOW DOES A NATURAL GAS DELIVERY 10 SYSTEM WORK?

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A.

In general, gas is delivered to our city gate stations or rural delivery points by our upstream pipeline suppliers' transmission systems. At each city gate, gas is measured, monitored for quality, odorized, and pressure reduced to manage design pressure into our system. Pressure regulating equipment is designed to control the pressure and volume based on the load requirements of the customers' peak demand. Our design day and hour temperature for the state's distribution systems varies from 6-30 degrees Fahrenheit. The piping system is designed to deliver volumes at these temperatures to maintain adequate pressure at the low points (furthest point) in the system to ensure all customers have adequate capacity without exceeding their maximum pressure requirements. The pressure on the system "pushes" the gas through the mains and service lines as demand for gas is needed. Maintaining minimum pressure at the low points without exceeding the system's maximum design pressure is critical for both safety and meeting load

demand. Failing to maintain pressure can result in outages or interruption of service. Unlike electric and water systems, a gas system cannot be turned back on when pressure recovers due to safety concerns. Instead, the impacted area must be turned off, re-pressurized, and each customer location delivery must be repressured and checked. This is a very costly and time intensive process that is not without risk due to the scale of the activities.

### 7 Q. CAN YOU EXPLAIN HOW GAS PRESSURE WORKS AND THE ROLE

### THAT IT PLAYS IN OPERATING THE SYSTEM?

A.

Gas pressure acts as "kinetic and stored energy." It is the energy that pushes the gas through the system the same way water flows through a water hose at your house. The primary difference is water is incompressible and pressure drops in the system are more a function of piping design and not having to factor the dynamics of the fluid compressing. In a gas system, you have what is called "line pack." Because of this physical fact, we must maintain enough pressure and low point control to factor in the time delay of load coming on to the system. The best analogy for this is the delay you see in traffic at a streetlight. When the light turns green (load coming on), the cars at the back of the line don't instantly move, there is a delay. Because the gas must flow from the city gate to the load, "line pack" provides the excess capacity necessary to meet the demand until the pressure regulating equipment at the city gate can react and restore the pressure in the system. Under normal conditions, the load demand gradually increases or decreases, and the control equipment has time to respond.

### 1 Q. HOW DOES THE COMPANY ENSURE THAT ADEQUATE PRESSURE IS 2 MAINTAINED ON THE SYSTEM? 3 A. The process starts with securing and contracting gas supply for the system's load 4 requirements. This includes coordinating with the supplier on the design delivery 5 custody transfer points (city gates) to supply the gas on the specific dates or time at 6 the minimum delivery load and pressures. The gas pressure is then reduced and 7 monitored entering our system. Once delivered into our system, the system is 8 designed (size and pressure rating of the system) to accommodate the load and 9 pressure requirements to meet the demand. WHAT ARE THE OPERATIONAL CONSEQUENCES IF PRESSURE ON 10 Q. 11 THE SYSTEM FALLS BELOW THE REQUIRED THRESHOLDS? 12 Expanding on my previous statements, in simple terms, if pressure falls below the A. 13 minimum requirements, customers may experience low pressure and could 14 experience delivery interruptions. In other words, a customer's natural gas 15 equipment or appliances may not stay "lit" or remain "burning." 16 ARE THERE ANY POTENTIAL CONSEQUENCES FOR CUSTOMERS IF Q. 17 THE COMPANY LOSES PRESSURE ON THE SYSTEM? 18 A. Yes. If this condition occurs, customers could lose service until we can conduct a 19 premise-by-premise review of the impacted area and complete safety checks to 20 restore service. In cases where customers are operating "open or uncontrolled" 21 flame equipment like gas grills or cook tops, unburned gas can be released when

the pressure recovers, creating a potential hazard. For this reason, maintaining

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1		pressure is critical, and when it is not, we must shut the system down and proceed
2		with a defined restoration and re-light procedure.
3 4 5	V.	OPERATIONS ACTIVITIES TAKEN IN ADVANCE OF WINTER STORM URI AND IN RESPONSE TO THE COMMISSION'S REVISED CURTAILMENT ORDER
6	Q.	HOW DOES CERC PLAN AND PREPARE FOR EXTREME WEATHER
7		EVENTS SUCH AS WINTER STORM URI?
8	A.	CERC starts by studying forecast demands (short and long term) for both extreme
9		warm and cold weather scenarios. Once the forecast demands are established, we
10		then design the system for extremes. This includes pressure study load analysis by
11		our engineering department to validate pipe size, pressure requirements,
12		measurement needs, odorization, and over pressure protection. These parameters
13		are all established for the design day and hour temperatures for the system
14		(previously mentioned). Finally, our Gas Supply department contracts gas for firm
15		supply and transportation needs. Additionally, we meet with our upstream pipeline
16		suppliers before and after each heating season to review system safety,
17		performance, capacity needs due to growth, and reliability.
18		Prior to each weather event, we review all delivery points and system status
19		to ensure they are completely operable, and that any contingencies are in place. For
20		example, equipment heaters, liquid separators, odorizer settings, and pressure
21		control equipment are all checked or readjusted. In some cases, and certainly in the
22		case of Winter Storm Uri, employee resources, schedules, and deployment
23		locations are adjusted to quickly respond to any issues as they arise. These
24		activities are triggered by events such as hurricanes, tornadoes, or terrorist events.
25		In the case of Winter Storm Uri, due to the large regional weather impact to our

CenterPoint Energy Resources Corp.
d/b/a CenterPoint Energy Entex, CenterPoint Energy Arkla and CenterPoint Energy Texas Gas

Direct Testimony of Talmadge R. Centers, Jr.

operating Plan ("EOP") to coordinate and respond to customer needs, system operations, or governing agency or local and regional response activities. This plan establishes our incident command structure and support functions and is included as Exhibit TRC-3 to my testimony.

In the case of Winter Storm Uri, our EOP was implemented as a winter response plan. The plan established operational leadership, engineering, and system operations ICS (incident command structure) in our gas control center to manage the event. In addition, we implemented our corporate response plan to coordinate with electric operations as well as community and governmental agencies both locally and in Austin. We deployed engineering staff directly in the electric command center to coordinate electric outage status and provide technical updates to suppliers across the state through the Texas Energy Reliability Council ("TERC"). This proved to be very beneficial to coordinate curtailment orders by the state and ensure the gas system was ready as electric service was restored and gas load came back on.

- Q. ARE THERE ANY CONSIDERATIONS THAT CERC TAKES INTO ACCOUNT WHEN DESIGNING AND BUILDING ITS SYSTEM TO WITHSTAND EXTREME WEATHER?
- 20 A. Yes. As previously referenced, safety and reliability are at the top of the list of considerations as we design for demand. Our systems must remain reliable in all

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> CenterPoint Energy Houston Electric, LLC ("CEHE"), an independent wholly-owned subsidiary of CNP is a transmission and distribution utility that provides electric service in a portion of Texas.

1		weather conditions (floods, cold weather, hurricanes) and firm gas supply is critical
2		to provide human needs and maintain the safety of the system. Therefore,
3		weatherization is a standard consideration in both the design and operation of our
4		system. As importantly, the supporting systems and processes need to be reliable.
5		Our internal infrastructure like IT, system control, dispatching, and
6		communications all must be available or have business continuity plans as backups.
7	Q.	DID CERC UNDERTAKE ANY WINTERIZATION ACTIVITIES
8		SPECIFIC TO WINTER STORM URI IN ADVANCE OF THE STORM?
9	A.	Yes. As previously stated, our standards and system design criteria consider
10		demand and pressure requirements for these type events. We also build into the
11		design equipment such as heaters, liquid separation, and odorization to operate in
12		these extremes. Moreover, contingency plans are in place to respond to mechanical
13		or equipment failures to ensure reliability.
14	Q.	COULD YOU PROVIDE AN OVERVIEW OF CERC'S EOP?
15	A.	In general, our EOP uses the Incident Command System ("ICS") provides the roles
16		and responsibilities defined to manage an event like Winter Storm Uri. The plan is
17		implemented anytime the company needs to prepare or respond to internal or
18		external events. The plan is reviewed, and mock drills are conducted annually.
19		This is typically in response to hurricane preparation, but the plan can be and is
20		used for any significant event like hurricanes, tornadoes, terrorist events, or large-
21		scale restoration. For gas operations, cold weather is a given. For most cold
22		weather events, we usually do not need to implement our EOP protocol. However,
23		once we determined the magnitude and regional impact to both the gas and electric

systems as Winter Storm Uri moved across the country, CNP implemented EOP protocols at three levels. First, CNP had our corporate EOP implemented to execute coordination with all groups across our territories. This included the other states CNP operates (Mississippi, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Arkansas, Indiana, Ohio, and Minnesota) as this event impacted the entire mid-continent. Second, EOP for gas operations was implemented to coordinate and manage gas operations for same as well as targeted focus on Texas. Third, our electric operations implemented EOP protocol as they prepared for icing and potential electric restoration impacts. For Winter Storm Uri, our plans anticipated electrical outages due to icing, but did not anticipate large scale power outages due to the shortages in electric generation capacity.

Α.

# Q. DID CERC'S EOP DURING WINTER STORM URI FUNCTION AS INTENDED?

Yes. Our company's EOP command and preparation protocol enabled us to initiate and provide support functions to coordinate efforts that ensured safety and reliability. It provided clear communications protocol with our customers, as well as internal and external stakeholders. Moreover, due to the fact the plan requires back up generation at our service centers and critical facilities, we were able to sustain operations and critical systems operating and monitoring system performance as well as execute restoration efforts in the few isolated areas where delivery was interrupted.

1	Q.	ON FEBRUARY 12, 2021, THE COMMISSION ISSUED AN EMERGENCY
2		ORDER SETTING FORTH SERVICE PRIORITIES FOR THE DELIVERY
3		OF GAS BY NATURAL GAS UTILITIES IN RESPONSE TO WINTER
4		STORM URI. WHAT ACTIONS DID CERC TAKE IN RESPONSE TO
5		THIS ORDER?
6	A.	CERC sent out curtailment letters on Feb. 15th to the 18 third-party shippers who
7		sell natural gas to the 4,077 commercial and industrial customers in our
8		Transportation Services program in Texas. We also contacted 64 of our transport
9		customers to ask them to specifically curtail or idle operations where CERC was at
10		risk of jeopardizing the integrity of our gas distribution system in cities because of
11		low pressure issues. Exceptions were granted to customers with human needs
12		(hospitals, electric generation, gas delivery facilities, etc.) or system critical needs
13		were required. We also sent another letter on Feb. 20th to the 18 third-party
14		shippers letting them know curtailment had ended and they could resume normal
15		operations. Exhibit TRC-4 includes copies of the Commission's Emergency
16		Orders and Exhibit TRC-5 includes copies of the curtailment letters. Where
17		exceptions were not granted, field verification was conducted at many locations to
18		verify compliance. Most locations reported that customers had already self-
19		curtailed due to the weather.
20		VI. OPERATING ENVIRONMENT DURING WINTER STORM URI
21	Q.	DID CERC FACE ANY PARTICULAR OPERATIONAL CHALLENGES
22		DURING THE COURSE OF THE EVENT?
23	Α	Yes

#### Q. HOW DID CERC RESPOND TO THOSE CHALLENGES?

A.

CNP responded as it always does. The entire CERC team remained vigilant and committed to delivering the firm reliable gas our customers expect. We leveraged the significant capital investments, processes, systems, and training implemented in our history as a company. The investments made in the gas system paid huge dividends for our customers (supply diversity, system upgrades for reliability, system integrity, asset replacements, back up IT systems, process and logistics contingencies, third party support logistics, ICS training, and mock drills to test preparation were all used in this event).

At the peak of the event, the Company experienced several challenges. However, the most difficult was maintaining pressure during electric restoration. When electric power is off for extended periods of time, homes internal temperatures fall well below thermostat settings. Consequently, when the power is restored to large areas, the instantaneous gas demand put tremendous stress on the gas system jeopardizing system pressure until the ambient temperatures increased and the load was reduced. To mitigate this effect during Winter Storm Uri, we coordinated closely with our electric operations to maximize system pressures in the restored areas as the power was restored. In many cases, stations had to be manually operated or bypassed to ensure demand was met. The Company operated two of its propane air facilities to supplement delivery, manually bypassed 59 delivery points, and deployed our mobile compressed natural gas (CNG) delivery trucks to eight critical locations to hold pressure or provide gas to human needs customers.

1 Due to the manual nature of these operations, employees were required to 2 remain on site at all times. Road conditions and access to public food and human 3 needs required considerable logistics to support our field personnel who remained 4 on site until relief could be provided. More specifically, CERC responded to 5 various challenges such as: Road and weather conditions – this was mitigated by deploying employees 6 7 across the system to reduce response times. We implemented food and logistics 8 to these individuals since they could not leave their posted area for extended 9 periods of time and most food, fuel, and personal facilities were closed due to 10 COVID, or electric power outages. 11 Coordinating with multiple agencies – in addition to coordinating with CEHE, 12 the Company coordinated with TERC and deployed engineering staff into our 13 electric EOP group working with TERC and the Electric Reliability Council of 14 Texas to help stay ahead of the event. 15 System monitoring - as traditional low points moved due to electric outages and 16 restoration timing, engineering staff continuously ran pressure scenarios to 17 model system performance and establish where to deploy resources and people 18 to maintain pressure. 19 Curtailment validation - validating curtailment orders were executed and 20 verified for non-firm/non-human needs transport customers. We notified our 21 4,077 transportation customers through the 18 gas marketers of the curtailment

Of these, 64 customers were specifically notified by the CNP

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order.

1 Transportation Department to curtail or idle usage to provide capacity to firm
2 human needs customers on those systems.

# Q. IN YOUR EXPERIENCE, HAS CERC EVER BEEN FACED WITH THE TYPE OF WINTER WEATHER CHALLENGE POSED BY WINTER STORM URI IN FEBRUARY OF 2021?

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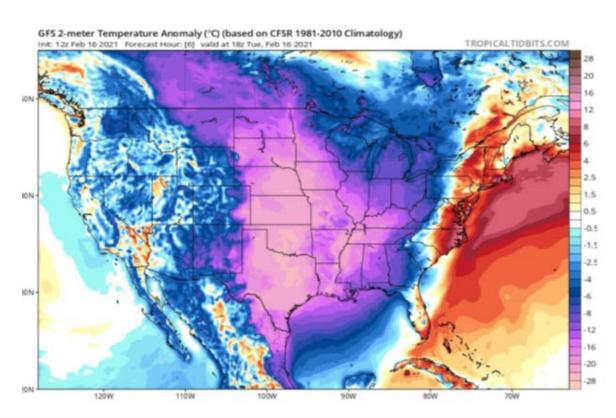
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A. No. Winter Storm Uri was a generational winter storm event that impacted CERC and other gas utilities across the country in ways that no previous storm ever has. The sheer size of Winter Storm Uri stressed utility systems in ways that we have never seen before. One of the easier ways to visualize the storm's impact is to look at a map of temperatures during the event. The temperature map below is for February 16, 2021 – one of the middle days in the event.



	_	
2		THE NEED FOR CONSERVATION DURING THE EVENT?
3	A.	Yes, 51 emails and 358 social media posts were executed to clarify restoration
4		efforts, provide safety tips, and address customer responses. CNP translated all
5		Power Alert Service and customer emails into Spanish. CNP also issued 25 news
6		releases and more than 150 media interviews, and more than 650 media reports
7		were published.
8	Q.	WAS CERC ABLE TO PROVIDE SAFE AND RELIABLE GAS SERVICE
9		TO ITS HUMAN NEEDS CUSTOMERS THROUGHOUT THE EVENT?
10	A.	Yes. Out of over 1.7 million customers served by gas operations, only 717
11		customers experienced temporary interruption of service due to equipment failure
12		at the city gate. In our Texas Coast Division, this included 200 customers in San
13		Leon and 237 customers in Crosby. In our East Texas Division, this included 80
14		customers in Betz and 200 customers in Jasper. These outages were due to either
15		localized equipment failure or instantaneous demand being too high when electric
16		operations restored power. In all cases, gas service was restored within 24 hours of
17		the outage after necessary safety checks were completed.
18	Q.	MR. WAGAMAN TESTIFIES REGARDING THE EXTRAORDINARY
19		GAS COSTS INCURRED DURING THE EVENT. FROM AN
20		OPERATIONS PERSPECTIVE, WAS THE GAS PURCHASED BY CERC
21		DURING THIS EVENT NECESSARY TO MEET HUMAN NEEDS
22		CUSTOMER DEMAND AND SUPPORT SYSTEM OPERATIONS?
23	A.	Yes.

DID CERC COMMUNICATE WITH ITS CUSTOMERS REGARDING

1

Q.

1	Q.	WITHOUT THOSE GAS PURCHASES, WOULD CERC HAVE BEEN
2		ABLE TO ENSURE THE SAFE AND RELIABLE PROVISION OF
3		NATURAL GAS SERVICE TO ITS HUMAN NEEDS CUSTOMERS
4		DURING THE EVENT?
5	A.	No.
6	Q.	DID CERC PROCURE SUFFICIENT GAS SUPPLY TO PROVIDE
7		RELIABLE AND SAFE SERVICE TO CUSTOMERS THROUGHOUT
8		WINTER STORM URI?
9	A.	It did. As Mr. Wagaman explains and Ms. Johnson independently verifies, the
10		Company's gas supply plan was executed effectively throughout the event, as
11		evidenced by the fact none of the Company's customers were interrupted during
12		the storm due to issues related to procuring gas supply.
13		VII. EXTRAORDINARY COSTS
13 14	Q.	VII. <u>EXTRAORDINARY COSTS</u> HAS CERC ESTABLISHED A REGULATORY ASSET TO RECORD
	Q.	
14	<b>Q.</b> A.	HAS CERC ESTABLISHED A REGULATORY ASSET TO RECORD
14 15		HAS CERC ESTABLISHED A REGULATORY ASSET TO RECORD EXTRAORDINARY COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH THE EVENT?
14 15 16		HAS CERC ESTABLISHED A REGULATORY ASSET TO RECORD EXTRAORDINARY COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH THE EVENT?  Yes. As explained by Ms. Kirk, CERC has established a regulatory asset account
14 15 16 17		HAS CERC ESTABLISHED A REGULATORY ASSET TO RECORD EXTRAORDINARY COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH THE EVENT?  Yes. As explained by Ms. Kirk, CERC has established a regulatory asset account to record the extraordinary costs incurred to provide natural gas service during the
14 15 16 17		HAS CERC ESTABLISHED A REGULATORY ASSET TO RECORD EXTRAORDINARY COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH THE EVENT?  Yes. As explained by Ms. Kirk, CERC has established a regulatory asset account to record the extraordinary costs incurred to provide natural gas service during the Event. The total amount of CERC's extraordinary costs requested for securitization
114 115 116 117 118	A.	HAS CERC ESTABLISHED A REGULATORY ASSET TO RECORD EXTRAORDINARY COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH THE EVENT?  Yes. As explained by Ms. Kirk, CERC has established a regulatory asset account to record the extraordinary costs incurred to provide natural gas service during the Event. The total amount of CERC's extraordinary costs requested for securitization and recovery is \$1,141,278,934.
114 115 116 117 118 119	A.	HAS CERC ESTABLISHED A REGULATORY ASSET TO RECORD EXTRAORDINARY COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH THE EVENT?  Yes. As explained by Ms. Kirk, CERC has established a regulatory asset account to record the extraordinary costs incurred to provide natural gas service during the Event. The total amount of CERC's extraordinary costs requested for securitization and recovery is \$1,141,278,934.  WHAT EXTRAORDINARY COSTS HAVE BEEN INCLUDED IN THE
114 115 116 117 118 119 220	A.	HAS CERC ESTABLISHED A REGULATORY ASSET TO RECORD EXTRAORDINARY COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH THE EVENT?  Yes. As explained by Ms. Kirk, CERC has established a regulatory asset account to record the extraordinary costs incurred to provide natural gas service during the Event. The total amount of CERC's extraordinary costs requested for securitization and recovery is \$1,141,278,934.  WHAT EXTRAORDINARY COSTS HAVE BEEN INCLUDED IN THE REGULATORY ASSET FOR COMMISSION REVIEW AND APPROVAL

1 associated with the financing of those costs, extraordinary legal and consulting 2 costs resulting from Winter Storm Uri and carrying costs from the date 3 extraordinary costs were incurred through August 31, 2022. Detailed schedules 4 supporting the Company's request are attached to Ms. Kirk's testimony and are 5 jointly sponsored as indicated by Ms. Kirk. 6 Q. HOW DO THE COMPANY'S WITNESSES AND VARIOUS PERSONNEL 7 SUPPORT CENTERPOINT'S REQUEST FOR CUSTOMER RATE 8 **RELIEF?** 9 A. Mr. Wagaman and Ms. Johnson sponsor and support the recovery of gas costs 10 associated with the event. Ms. Kirk sponsors the Company's books and records 11 and the amounts reflected in the exhibits and schedules attached to her testimony. 12 Mr. Brett Jerasa, an employee of Service Company, provides an affidavit in support 13 of the Company's commitment fee request and short-term carrying cost calculation. 14 Mr. Jerasa's affidavit is attached to the testimony of Ms. Kirk. Dr. Fairchild 15 demonstrates that securitization is in the public interest and sponsors the joint 16 schedules related to securitization. I support the reasonableness of the Company's 17 operational activities prior to, through and following the event. Attached to my 18 testimony are also affidavits from Mr. Patrick H. Peters, III and Ms. Judy Y. Liu, 19 Associate General Counsel with Service Company, supporting the additional legal 20 and consulting expenses that were incurred as a result of the event and the need for 21 this proceeding.

# Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE LEGAL AND CONSULTING EXPENSES FOR WHICH CENTERPOINT SEEKS RECOVERY IN THIS PROCEEDING.

A.

A. The Company's legal and consulting expenses fall into two general categories:

(1) legal and consulting expenses associated with this proceeding and the development of H.B. 1520 and (2) legal expenses associated with the Company's review of invoices from gas suppliers related to the event. With respect to this proceeding and H.B. 1520, CenterPoint has incurred and seeks recovery for legal expenses related to the Texas securitization legislation (H.B. 1520) and the development and support of this Application. CenterPoint has also requested legal expenses associated with its retention of Susman Godfrey LLP to review invoices from its gas suppliers related to the event and to represent the Company in any negotiations or disputes relating to those invoices. All legal and consulting expenses requested by the Company would not have been incurred but for Winter Storm Uri. Any amounts deemed to be lobbying expenditures related were not included in the Regulatory Asset and have been recorded below-the-line as required by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission.

# 17 Q. HOW DO THESE COSTS DIFFER FROM NORMAL ONGOING LEGAL 18 AND CONSULTING EXPENSES?

The Company typically recovers its gas costs through the PGA mechanism. In response to the extraordinary gas costs incurred by utilities across the state, the Legislature in passing H.B. 1520 has provided gas utilities and the Commission with an alternative cost recovery mechanism in securitization. The unique and complex nature of securitization resulted in the Company incurring costs that it

1		would not incur in connection with its PGA filings. Specifically, CenterPoint
2		retained Coffin Renner LLP ("Coffin Renner") to provide legal services relating to
3		several issues resulting from Winter Storm Uri. Coffin Renner provided support
4		related to H.B. 1520 and the Company's decision to participate in the securitization
5		process. The firm also provided assistance in preparing the Company's Application
6		for customer rate relief and will provide representation throughout the proceeding
7		and in connection with the issuance of a financing order. CenterPoint also retained
8		the services of Enverus to independently evaluate the Company's Gas Supply Plan
9		and its performance throughout Winter Storm Uri. The services of Dr. Fairchild
10		were retained to testify in support of the use of securitization. Finally, as discussed
11		by Mr. Wagaman, Susman Godfrey LLP was retained to ensure that gas invoices
12		received by the Company related to Winter Storm Uri were correct and reasonable.
13		None of these costs were incurred in the ordinary course of business and none of
14		these costs would have been incurred were it not for Winter Storm Uri and the need
15		for the Company to participate in the securitization process.
16	Q.	IS THE COMPANY PROVIDING DOCUMENTATION SUPPORTING
17		THESE LEGAL AND CONSULTING COSTS AS PART OF ITS FILED
18		APPLICATION?
19	A.	Yes, Ms. Kirk addresses the documentation supporting those costs in her testimony.
20	Q.	WHAT IS THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF ADDITIONAL LEGAL AND
21		CONSULTING EXPENSE THAT CENTERPOINT SEEKS RECOVERY IN
22		THIS THIS PROCEEDING?

\$2,767,638.

23

A.

1	Q.	WERE THESE LEGAL AND CONSULTING COSTS REASONABLY AND
2		NECESSARILY INCURRED IN RELATION TO THE SECURITIZATION
3		LEGISLATION AND PREPARATION OF THIS FILING?
4	A.	Yes. Attached to my testimony are the affidavits of Mr. Patrick H. Peters, Associate
5		General Counsel, Service Company, and Ms. Judy Y. Liu, Associate General
6		Counsel, Service Company, attesting to the reasonableness of these costs.
7		VIII. <u>SECURITIZATION</u>
8	Q.	ARE YOU FAMILIAR WITH THE SECURITIZATION PROCESS?
9	A.	Yes. Through CEHE, CNP has been involved in multiple securitization
10		proceedings over the past 20 years. In this proceeding, H.B. 1520, which was
11		signed into law on June 16, 2021, was enacted to authorize securitization financing
12		of extraordinary costs. Similar to the transition bonds and storm restoration bonds
13		that CNP has helped to fund in years past for CEHE, the reimbursement of CERC's
14		extraordinary costs through securitization will benefit customers.
15	Q.	IS CERC REQUIRED TO PARTICIPATE IN THE SECURITIZATION
16		PROCESS?
17	A.	No. Under the terms of H.B. 1520, gas utilities must choose to participate in the
18		securitization process. Otherwise, they may utilize existing recovery mechanisms
19		to seek recovery of these extraordinary costs. CERC is choosing to participate in
20		the securitization process because the issuance of bonds to pay for the extraordinary
21		gas costs benefits its customers.

### 1 Q. HOW WOULD THE COMPANY RECOVER ITS EXTRAORDINARY GAS 2 COSTS IF IT DID NOT TO PARTICIPATE IN THE SECURITIZATION 3 **PROCESS?** 4 A. All of CERC's operating divisions in Texas have PGA tariffs that authorize the 5 Company to recover the costs associated with procuring, storing, and transporting 6 gas to its customers. In addition to the monthly rate charged to customers for their 7 gas usage, the Company annually reconciles the difference between the Actual Gas 8 Cost Incurred and the Gas Cost Billed through the PGA. A reconciliation factor is 9 established to recover the difference and is applied to customer bills and recovered 10 over the subsequent 12 months to ensure that the Company neither over- nor under-11 recovers its gas costs. Without the securitization recovery process, the Company 12 would include its extraordinary gas costs in the annual PGA reconciliation process 13 and recover those amounts from customers over the subsequent 12-month period. 14 Q. WHAT IS THE ESTIMATED MONTHLY COST TO CUSTOMERS THAT 15 WILL RESULT FROM THE ISSUANCE OF CUSTOMER RATE RELIEF 16 **BONDS?** 17 A. The estimated monthly cost associated with the securitization process is supported 18 by Dr. Fairchild and results in a volumetric rate of \$1.26 per Mcf.

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- 1 Q. WHAT IS THE ESTIMATED MONTHLY COST TO CUSTOMERS IF
- 2 EXTRAORDINARY GAS COSTS WERE RECOVERED AS
- 3 AUTHORIZED UNDER THE COMPANY'S GAS COST RECOVERY
- 4 **MECHANISMS?**
- 5 A. The estimated monthly cost for CERC customers, by division, is presented in the
- 6 table below:

			Average	Cu	stomer Impact	Total Monthly	
			Monthly	ove	r 1-year Period	С	ustomer Impact
Line No.	Division	Customer Class	Usage (Mcf)		per Mcf	over 1-Year Period	
		(a)	(b)		(c)		(d) = (b)*(c)
1	Beaumont-East Texas	Residential	3	\$	8.79	\$	26.37
2		Commercial -Small	15	\$	8.79	\$	131.86
3		Commercial -Large	231	\$	8.79	\$	2,030.62
4	North East Texas - Tyler	Residential	4	\$	11.24	\$	44.96
5		Commercial -Small	15	\$	11.24	\$	168.59
6		Commercial -Large	365	\$	11.24	\$	4,102.39
7	South Texas	Residential	2	\$	6.50	\$	13.00
8		Commercial -Small	17	\$	6.50	\$	110.51
9		Commercial -Large	261	\$	6.50	\$	1,696.59
10	Houston	Residential	3	\$	13.13	\$	39.38
11		Commercial -Small	17	\$	13.13	\$	223.15
12		Commercial -Large	222	\$	13.13	\$	2,914.05
13	Texas Coast	Residential	3	\$	13.13	\$	39.38
14		Commercial -Small	14	\$	13.13	\$	183.77
15		Commercial -Large	233	\$	12.86	\$	2,997.06
16	Texarkana Incorporated	Residential	4	\$	9.26	\$	37.05
17	•	Commercial -Small	21	\$	9.26	\$	194.50
18	Texarkana Environs	Residential	4	\$	9.26	\$	37.05
19		Commercial -Small	67	\$	9.26	\$	620.55

- 7 Q. WHAT WOULD THE ESTIMATED MONTHLY COST TO CUSTOMERS
- 8 BE IF THE EXTRAORDINARY GAS COSTS WERE AMORTIZED AND
- 9 RECOVERED THROUGH GAS COSTS CHARGED TO CUSTOMERS
- 10 **OVER A THREE-YEAR PERIOD?**
- 11 A. The estimated monthly cost for CERC customers, by division, if amortized and
- recovered over a three-year period is presented in the table below:

			Average Monthly	Customer Impact over 3-year Period		Total Monthly Customer Impact		
Line No.	Division	<b>Customer Class</b>	Usage (Mcf)		per Mcf		er 1-Year Period	
		(a)	(b)		(c)		(d) = (b)*(c)	
1	Beaumont-East Texas	Residential	3	\$	3.24	\$	9.71	
2		Commercial -Small	15	\$	3.24	\$	48.55	
3		Commercial -Large	231	\$	3.24	\$	747.69	
4	North East Texas - Tyler	Residential	4	\$	4.13	\$	16.53	
5		Commercial -Small	15	\$	4.13	\$	61.99	
6		Commercial -Large	365	\$	4.13	\$	1,508.42	
7	South Texas	Residential	2	\$	2.39	\$	4.78	
8		Commercial -Small	17	\$	2.39	\$	40.64	
9		Commercial -Large	261	\$	2.39	\$	623.94	
10	Houston	Residential	3	\$	4.83	\$	14.50	
11		Commercial -Small	17	\$	4.83	\$	82.15	
12		Commercial -Large	222	\$	4.83	\$	1,072.76	
13	Texas Coast	Residential	3	\$	4.83	\$	14.50	
14		Commercial -Small	14	\$	4.83	\$	67.65	
15		Commercial -Large	233	\$	4.74	\$	1,103.32	
16	Texarkana Incorporated	Residential	4	\$	3.41	\$	13.63	
17		Commercial -Small	21	\$	3.41	\$	71.54	
18	Texarkana Environs	Residential	4	\$	3.41	\$	13.63	
19		Commercial -Small	67	\$	3.41	\$	228.26	

- HOW DO THE ESTIMATED MONTHLY COSTS TO CUSTOMERS 1 Q. 2 ABOVE COMPARE TO THE MONTHLY COSTS THAT MAY 3 **OTHERWISE OCCUR** IF THE COMMISSION **APPROVES** 4 **SECURITIZATION FINANCING FOR** THE **COMPANY'S** 5 **EXTRAORDINARY COSTS?**
- A. The table below compares the monthly costs associated with a one-year recovery through the PGA and three-year recovery through the PGA with Dr. Fairchild's analysis of securitization financing.

			Total Monthly Customer Impact				Total Monthly Customer Impact of	
Line No.	Division	Customer Class	ove	r 1-Year Period	OVE	er 3-Year Period		Securitization
1	Beaumont-East Texas	Residential	\$	26.37	\$	9.71	\$	3.78
2		Commercial -Small	\$	131.86	\$	48.55	\$	18.90
3		Commercial -Large	\$	2,030.62	\$	747.69	\$	291.06
4	North East Texas - Tyler	Residential	\$	44.96	\$	16.53	\$	5.04
5		Commercial -Small	\$	168.59	\$	61.99	\$	18.90
6		Commercial -Large	\$	4,102.39	\$	1,508.42	\$	459.90
7	South Texas	Residential	\$	13.00	\$	4.78	\$	2.52
8		Commercial -Small	\$	110.51	\$	40.64	\$	21.42
9		Commercial -Large	\$	1,696.59	\$	623.94	\$	328.86
10	Houston	Residential	\$	39.38	\$	14.50	\$	3.78
11		Commercial -Small	\$	223.15	\$	82.15	\$	21.42
12		Commercial -Large	\$	2,914.05	\$	1,072.76	\$	279.72
13	Texas Coast	Residential	\$	39.38	\$	14.50	\$	3.78
14		Commercial -Small	\$	183.77	\$	67.65	\$	17.64
15		Commercial -Large	\$	2,997.06	\$	1,103.32	\$	293.58
16	Texarkana Incorporated	Residential	\$	37.05	\$	13.63	\$	5.04
17		Commercial -Small	\$	194.50	\$	71.54	\$	26.46
18	Texarkana Environs	Residential	\$	37.05	\$	13.63	\$	5.04
19		Commercial -Small	\$	620.55	\$	228.26	\$	84.42

### 1 Q. IS SECURITIZATION THE MOST COST-EFFECTIVE METHOD OF

2

### FUNDING THE REGULATORY ASSET REIMBURSEMENT TO CERC?

- A. Yes. As explained by Dr. Fairchild and supported by the comparisons in the tables above, securitization, through the issuance of customer rate relief bonds, is the most cost-effective method of funding regulatory asset reimbursements when viewed from a customer affordability perspective.
- 7 Q. WILL OTHER TANGIBLE AND QUANTIFIABLE CUSTOMER

### 8 BENEFITS BE REALIZED THROUGH SECURITIZATION FINANCING?

9 A. Yes. As explained by Dr. Fairchild, use of the securitization process is expected to
10 result in a AAA bond rating, which means that the carrying cost (i.e. interest rate)
11 paid by customers will be lower than if CERC was to finance this debt.
12 Securitization financing will also remove the debt associated with these

1 extraordinary costs from CERC's balance sheet, which will support the Company's 2 credit rating. Maintenance of an investment grade credit rating will ensure that 3 CERC can continue to make necessary investments in system safety and reliability. 4 0. IF SECURITIZATION FINANCING IS NOT AUTHORIZED BY THE 5 COMMISSION, HOW DOES CERC PROPOSE TO RECOVER ITS 6 EXTRAORDINARY GAS COSTS? 7 Α. If the Commission does not authorize securitization financing, the Company 8 requests that the Commission issue a regulatory asset determination for each of its 9 division's extraordinary gas costs and that the Company be authorized to recover those costs over a three-year period via a uniform, volumetric rate that will be 10 11 recovered through the Company's PGA tariffs. 12 Q. WHEN VIEWED IN LIGHT OF ALL OTHER COST RECOVERY ALTERNATIVES IS SECURITIZATION FINANCING IN THE PUBLIC 13 INTEREST AND DOES IT MEET THE STATED PURPOSES OF 14 15 **SUBCHAPTER I, CHAPTER 104 OF GURA?** Yes. 16 A. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR DIRECT TESTIMONY? 17 Q.

18

A.

Yes.

Direct Testimony of Talmadge R. Centers, Jr.

CenterPoint Energy Resources Corp.

d/b/a CenterPoint Energy Entex, CenterPoint Energy Arkla and CenterPoint Energy Texas Gas

STATE OF TEXAS §
COUNTY OF TRAVIS §

### AFFIDAVIT OF PATRICK H. PETERS III

Before me, the undersigned authority, on this date personally appeared Patrick H. Peters III, known to me to be the person whose name is subscribed below, and being by me first duly sworn, stated upon oath as follows:

- 1. "My name is Patrick H. Peters III. I am over 18 years of age, of sound mind, and fully competent to make this affidavit. Each statement of fact herein is true and of my own personal knowledge. I am employed by CenterPoint Energy Services Company, LLC, a subsidiary of CenterPoint Energy, Inc. ("CNP").
- 2. I received BA and BBA degrees from the University of Texas at Austin and a JD degree from the University of Michigan Law School. I have been a licensed attorney in the state of Texas for approximately 17 years. My prior work experience includes Baker Botts LLP, the Public Utility Commission of Texas, and the Electric Reliability Council of Texas, Inc.
- 3. I have been employed by CenterPoint Energy Service Company, LLC for approximately 6 years. I have represented CNP in various matters, including its natural gas utility business in Texas, CenterPoint Energy Resources Corp., d/b/a CenterPoint Energy Entex, CenterPoint Energy Arkla and CenterPoint Energy Texas Gas ("CenterPoint" or the "Company"), and its electric utility business in Texas, CenterPoint Energy Houston Electric, LLC ("CEHE").
- 4. Over the course of my career, I have appeared in numerous regulatory matters and have hired and managed outside counsel and testifying and consulting experts for those matters. As an Associate General Counsel for CenterPoint Energy Service Company, LLC, I have been responsible for reviewing and approving invoices from outside law firms and consultants.
- 5. As an Associate General Counsel for CenterPoint Energy Service Company, LLC, which is responsible for providing legal services to all business units of CenterPoint Energy, Inc., a Fortune 500 corporation, I am familiar with the rates of a broad range of lawyers and consultants, both those at small and large firms and solo practitioners, including the rates charged by such attorneys and consultants for work on regulatory matters.
- 6. Mark Santos and the firm of Coffin Renner LP ("CR") were retained by the Company to provide legal services related to Winter Storm Uri in February of 2021 and to serve as counsel of record in this proceeding. The CR attorneys who worked on this matter have extensive experience representing utilities before the Railroad Commission of Texas ("Commission"). The firm of Baker Botts LLP also provided a minor amount of legal services to the Company related to Winter Storm Uri.

- 7. Enverus Consulting, and specifically, Ms. Bernadette Johnson, were retained by the Company to provide analysis and testimony summarizing the natural gas market conditions encountered by CERC during Winter Storm Uri and to provide an independent third-party review of how the Company's Gas Supply Plan functioned during the storm. Bruce Fairchild, a principal with Financial Concepts and Applications, Inc. ("FINCAP"), was also retained by joint utilities to analyze and provide testimony on whether the use of securitization financing will provide tangible and quantifiable benefits to customers, greater than would be achieved absent the issuance of customer rate relief bonds.
- 8. Mark Santos is the primary lawyer at CR representing CenterPoint in the Winter Storm Uri Customer Rate Relief filing. Mr. Santos has represented CNP as outside counsel in various Commission and other regulatory proceedings for over 10 years. Moreover, Mr. Santos also represents other utility clients before the Commission and other regulatory bodies. Mr. Santos is therefore knowledgeable of and skilled in Commission practices and procedures.
- 9. Mr. Santos has also been the lead outside lawyer for CenterPoint in each of its recent rate filings since 2015. Of CenterPoint's outside counsel, he is the most knowledgeable concerning the Company's natural gas rate issues in Texas.
- 10. I have personally reviewed the CR, Baker Botts, Enverus, and FINCAP invoices submitted for recovery on behalf of the Company.
- 11. I reviewed the above-referenced legal invoices taking into consideration the eight factors listed in Rule 1.04(b) of the Texas Disciplinary Rules of Professional Conduct:
  - (1) the time and labor required, novelty and difficulty of the questions involved and the skill requisite to perform the legal services properly;
  - (2) the likelihood that acceptance of employment will preclude other employment by the attorney;
  - (3) the customary fee charged in the locality for similar legal services;
  - (4) the amount of time involved and result achieved;
  - (5) time limitation imposed by the client or circumstances;
  - (6) the nature and length of the professional relationship with the client;
  - (7) the experience, reputation and ability of the lawyers involved; and
  - (8) whether the fee is fixed or contingent or uncertain of collection before the legal services are rendered.
- 12. I considered the factors delineated by the Third Court of Appeals in *City of El Paso v. Public Utility Comm'n of Texas*, 916 S.W.2d 515 (Tex. App.—Austin 1995, writ dism'd by agr.):
  - (1) time and labor required;
  - (2) nature and complexity of the case;
  - (3) amount of money or value of property or interest at stake;
  - (4) extent of responsibilities the attorney assumes;

- (5) whether the attorney loses other employment because of the undertaking; and
- (6) benefits to the client from the services.
- 13. As noted above, I am familiar with the rates for utility regulatory work in Texas and elsewhere. Generally speaking, the rates charged by any individual lawyer typically vary based on the level of experience possessed by the lawyer performing the work, the size and reputation of the law firm in which the lawyer works, and the technical nature of the work performed. While the hourly rate charged by outside counsel for work in this case is an important factor, it is only one of many important factors to be considered. Equally important are factors such as the number of hours worked, the complexity of the issues involved, and the experience of the lawyers involved. That is, an experienced lawyer in a complex case with an hourly rate at the high end of the range may be able to more efficiently do the work than a less experienced lawyer with an hourly rate at the low- or mid-point of the hourly rate range, such that the total amount paid at the end of the day is reasonable, even if the hourly rates are at the high end of the range. Similarly, a lawyer working at an hourly rate at the low- or mid-point of the range may have spent so many hours on a matter that the total amount paid is not reasonable, even though the hourly rate is low.
- 14. I am familiar with many regulatory lawyers in the Texas bar, and the lawyers at CR and Baker Botts enjoy excellent reputations for providing a high level of quality work on both complex and routine appellate matters. CR and Baker Botts work on matters of significant importance to Fortune 500 clients. In my experience, the hourly rates of CR and Baker Botts are consistent with other Texas lawyers performing similar work in Texas. Rates for lawyers in the regulatory field, in my experience, have recently ranged, depending on the experience of the lawyer between \$300 to more than \$800 (and sometimes more for very specialized subject matters, like tax regulatory work). The rates for CR and Baker Botts' work in this proceeding are in the expected range.
- 15. The rates charged by CR and Baker Botts in this proceeding are the same hourly rates the law firm charged the Company and its affiliates for other matters I am familiar with, including matters for which rate case expense reimbursement was not available.
- 16. In my opinion, the hourly rates charged by CR and Baker Botts are reasonable and in the range of rates charged in Texas by firms with the same level of depth and expertise. Similarly, in my opinion, the other expenses charged by CR and Baker Botts (i.e. copying, delivery service, etc.) are also reasonable and in line with costs charged by other law firms providing these types of legal services.
- 17. I am also familiar with the rates charged by consultants such as Enverus and Dr. Fairchild in regulatory proceedings. Enverus and Dr. Fairchild also have excellent reputations for providing high level of quality work in regulatory proceedings and the rates charged by Enverus and Dr. Fairchild are reasonable and in the range of rates charged by consulting firms with the same level of depth and expertise. In

- my opinion, the rates charged by Enverus and CenterPoint's share of the rates charged by Dr. Fairchild are reasonable.
- 18. Included with the Company's Application and in support of Exhibit MAK-4 at Schedule D are invoices supporting \$326,690 in actual legal and consulting expense incurred by CenterPoint through June 2021 for legal and consulting services rendered in connection with Winter Storm Uri and this proceeding. In addition, based on my experience in participating in Commission proceedings and my knowledge of issues likely to be raised, I estimate that the total legal and consulting expenses incurred for the completion of this docket and any related financing order proceeding will be approximately \$525,000 and the estimated professional fees will be approximately \$175,001. CenterPoint will update its actual and estimated legal and consulting expenses and professional fees over the course of this proceeding.
- 19. The legal and consulting expenses that CenterPoint seeks to recover qualify as extraordinary costs because these legal and consulting services would not have been necessary but for Winter Storm Uri. Both during and after Winter Storm Uri, the services provided have exclusively focused on CenterPoint's activities during Winter Storm Uri, ensuring recovery of extraordinary costs associated with the storm, and efforts to develop and implement the customer rate relief authorized in H.B. 1520.
- 20. With regard to the customer rate relief and regulatory asset determination proceeding, CR's, Enverus', and Dr. Fairchild's services were engaged to obtain customer rate relief and a regulatory asset determination regarding extraordinary costs incurred to provide service during Winter Storm Uri and to participate in securitization pursuant to H.B. 1520. The activities performed and that are expected to be performed are reasonable and necessary for the presentation and processing of the Company's Application for Customer Rate Relief and Related Regulatory Asset Determination. These services have or will include the preparation of testimony and exhibits, responses to discovery, attendance at meetings with participating parties, and the drafting of various pleadings throughout the proceeding.
- 21. I have reviewed the billings of CR, Baker Botts, Enverus, and Dr. Fairchild submitted to the Company for legal and consulting services performed in providing legal and consulting services to CenterPoint related to Winter Storm Uri and the regulatory asset determination proceeding and I affirm that those billings accurately reflect the time spent and expenditures incurred by CR, Baker Botts, Enverus, and Dr. Fairchild on CenterPoint's behalf. The charges and rates of the firms are reasonable and consistent with those billed by others for similar work, and the legal and consulting rates charged are comparable to rates charged by other professionals with the same level of expertise and experience and commensurate with the complexity of the issues in the proceeding. The charges as calculated are correct and there was no duplication of services and no double billing of charges.
- 22. Based upon my experience and review of the work done in this proceeding and the invoices of CR, Baker Botts, Enverus, and Dr. Fairchild, I believe that the work performed was necessary, and the time and labor to do the work was reasonable and commensurate with the nature, extent, difficulty, and complexity of the work done.

23. No portion of fees or expenses are for luxury items, such as limousine service, sporting events, alcoholic beverages, hotel movies, or other entertainment. The charges for copies, printing, overnight courier service, transcripts, and other expenses and costs were necessary for the prosecution of the case and are reasonable."

Patrick H. Peters III

SWORN AND SUBSCRIBED before me on this 27 day of July 2021.

STATE OF TEXAS §

COUNTY OF HARRIS §

## AFFIDAVIT OF JUDY Y. LIU

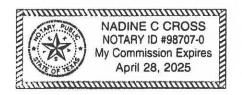
Before me, the undersigned authority, on this date personally appeared Judy Y. Liu, known to me to be the person whose name is subscribed below, and being by me first duly sworn, stated upon oath as follows:

- 1. "My name is Judy Y. Liu. I am over 18 years of age, of sound mind, and fully competent to make this affidavit. Each statement of fact herein is true and of my own personal knowledge. I am employed by CenterPoint Energy Service Company, LLC, a subsidiary of CenterPoint Energy, Inc. ("CNP").
- 2. After law school, I joined the Houston office of Baker Botts L.L.P. As an associate in the Trial Department, I handled litigation and appellate matters in state and federal courts during my five years at Baker Botts.
- 3. I have been employed by CenterPoint Energy Service Company, LLC for approximately 18 years. In my various roles in the Legal Department, I have managed significant litigation for the Company in addition to advising management on a broad range of issues affecting our business and operations.
- 4. Over the course of my career, I have appeared, and hired and managed outside counsel and testifying and consulting experts, in numerous matters. As an Associate General Counsel for CenterPoint Energy Service Company, LLC, I have been responsible for reviewing and approving invoices from outside law firms and consultants.
- 5. As an Associate General Counsel for CenterPoint Energy Service Company, LLC, which is responsible for providing legal services to all business units of CNP, a Fortune 500 corporation, I am familiar with the rates of a broad range of lawyers and consultants, both those at small and large firms and solo practitioners, including the rates charged by such attorneys and consultants for work on regulatory matters.
- 6. Vineet Bhatia, Shawn Raymond, and Weston O'Black and the firm of Susman Godfrey LLP ("Susman") were retained by CNP and CenterPoint Energy Resources Corp. ("CERC" or the "Company") to provide legal services and advice related to the natural gas invoices and charges received by CERC from various suppliers during Winter Storm Uri. The Susman attorneys who worked on this matter have extensive experience representing parties in complex commercial litigation matters.
- 7. I have personally reviewed the Susman invoices submitted for recovery on behalf of the Company.

- 8. In deciding to retain Susman, CNP and CERC took into consideration the eight factors listed in Rule 1.04(b) of the Texas Disciplinary Rules of Professional Conduct:
  - (1) the time and labor required, novelty and difficulty of the questions involved and the skill requisite to perform the legal services properly;
  - (2) the likelihood that acceptance of employment will preclude other employment by the attorney;
  - (3) the customary fee charged in the locality for similar legal services;
  - (4) the amount of time involved and result achieved;
  - (5) time limitation imposed by the client or circumstances;
  - (6) the nature and length of the professional relationship with the client;
  - (7) the experience, reputation and ability of the lawyers involved; and
  - (8) whether the fee is fixed or contingent or uncertain of collection before the legal services are rendered.
- 9. CNP and CERC also considered the factors delineated by the Third Court of Appeals in *City of El Paso v. Public Utility Comm'n of Texas*, 916 S.W.2d 515 (Tex. App.—Austin 1995, writ dism'd by agr.):
  - (1) time and labor required;
  - (2) nature and complexity of the case;
  - (3) amount of money or value of property or interest at stake;
  - (4) extent of responsibilities the attorney assumes;
  - (5) whether the attorney loses other employment because of the undertaking; and
  - (6) benefits to the client from the services.
- 10. As noted above, I am familiar with fee arrangements, including alternative fee arrangements, for litigation counsel in Texas and elsewhere. Generally speaking, the rates charged or fee arrangement entered into with any individual lawyer or law firm will typically vary based on the level of experience possessed by the lawyer or firm performing the work, the size and reputation of the law firm in which the lawyer works, and the technical nature of the work performed. While the total fee paid to Susman for work in this case is an important factor, it is only one of many important factors to be considered. Equally important are factors such as the number of hours worked, the complexity of the issues involved, and the experience of the lawyers involved. That is, an experienced law firm in a complex case working through a fee arrangement, such as that agreed to between the CNP and CERC and Susman, may be able to more efficiently do the work and help to reach a more favorable resolution more quickly than a law firm working under an hourly-based fee arrangement.
- 11. I am familiar with many litigation lawyers in the Texas bar, and the lawyers at Susman enjoy excellent reputations for providing a high level of quality work on both complex and routine litigation matters. Susman works on matters of significant importance to Fortune 500 clients. In my experience, the fee arrangement with Susman is consistent with other Texas firms performing similar work in Texas.

- 12. In my opinion, the fees paid to Susman are reasonable and in the range of fees charged in Texas by firms with the same level of depth and expertise. The fees are also reasonable in light of the total amount of gas costs at issue in the matters handled by Susman and in light of the reduced gas cost amounts achieved by the Company as a result of Susman's representation. Similarly, in my opinion, the other expenses charged by Susman (i.e., copying, delivery service, etc.) are also reasonable and in line with costs charged by other law firms providing these types of legal services.
- 13. Included with the Company's Application and in support of Exhibit MAK-4 at Schedule D are invoices supporting \$540,947 in actual legal and consulting expenses incurred by the Company through June 2021 and \$1,200,000 estimated fees for legal and consulting services rendered in connection with Winter Storm Uri. The Company will update its actual and estimated legal and consulting expenses over the course of this proceeding.
- 14. The Susman legal expenses that the Company seeks to recover qualify as extraordinary costs because these legal and consulting services would not have been necessary but for Winter Storm Uri.
- 15. I have reviewed the billings of Susman submitted to CNP and CERC for legal and consulting services performed in providing legal and consulting services related to Winter Storm Uri and I affirm that those billings accurately reflect the agreement between Susman and CNP and CERC. The fee is reasonable and consistent with those charged by others for similar work and having the same level of expertise and experience with complex commercial issues. The charges as calculated are correct and there was no duplication of services and no double billing of charges.
- 16. Based upon my experience and review of the work done by Susman and the related invoices, I believe that the work performed was necessary, and the time and labor to do the work was reasonable and commensurate with the nature, extent, difficulty, and complexity of the work done.
- 17. No portion of fees or expenses are for luxury items, such as limousine service, sporting events, alcoholic beverages, hotel movies, or other entertainment. The charges for copies, printing, overnight courier service, transcripts, and other expenses and costs were necessary for the prosecution of the case and are reasonable."

SWORN AND SUBSCRIBED before me on this 47 day of July 2021.



Notary Public in and for the State of Texas

## AFFIDAVIT OF TALMADGE CENTERS, JR.

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared Talmadge Centers, Jr. who having been placed under oath by me did depose as follows:

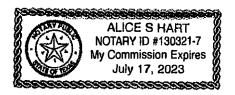
- 1. "My name is Talmadge Centers, Jr. I am over the age of eighteen (18) and fully competent to make this affidavit. I am employed as Vice President Regional Gas Operations for CenterPoint Energy Resources Corp. The facts stated herein are true and correct based upon my personal knowledge.
- 2. I have prepared the foregoing Direct Testimony and the information contained in this document is true and correct to the best of my knowledge."

  Further affiant sayeth not.

Talmadge Centers, Jr.

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO BEFORE ME by the said Talmadge Centers, Jr. on this day of July 2021.

Notary Public in and for the State of Texas



Т	AN ACT		
2	relating to certain extraordinary costs incurred by certain gas		
3	utilities relating to Winter Storm Uri and a study of measures to		
4	mitigate similar future costs; providing authority to issue bonds		
5	and impose fees and assessments.		
6	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:		
7	SECTION 1. Section 1232.002, Government Code, is amended to		
8	read as follows:		
9	Sec. 1232.002. PURPOSE. The purpose of this chapter is to		
10	provide a method of financing for:		
11	(1) the acquisition or construction of buildings;		
12	[and]		
13	(2) the purchase or lease of equipment by executive or		
14	judicial branch state agencies; and		
15	(3) customer rate relief bonds authorized by the		
16	Railroad Commission of Texas in accordance with Subchapter I,		
17	Chapter 104, Utilities Code.		
18	SECTION 2. Section 1232.066(a), Government Code, is amended		
19	to read as follows:		
20	(a) The board's authority under this chapter is limited to		
21	the financing of:		
22	(1) the acquisition or construction of a building;		
23	(2) the purchase or lease of equipment; [or]		
24	(3) stranded costs of a municipal power agency; or		

- 1 (4) customer rate relief bonds approved by the
- 2 Railroad Commission of Texas in accordance with Subchapter I,
- 3 Chapter 104, Utilities Code.
- 4 SECTION 3. Subchapter C, Chapter 1232, Government Code, is
- 5 amended by adding Section 1232.1072 to read as follows:
- 6 Sec. 1232.1072. ISSUANCE OF OBLIGATIONS FOR FINANCING
- 7 CUSTOMER RATE RELIEF PROPERTY. (a) The definitions in Section
- 8 104.362, Utilities Code, apply to terms used in this section.
- 9 (b) The authority may create an issuing financing entity for
- 10 the purpose of issuing customer rate relief bonds approved by the
- 11 Railroad Commission of Texas in a financing order, as provided by
- 12 Subchapter I, Chapter 104, Utilities Code.
- 13 (c) An issuing financing entity created under this section
- 14 is a duly constituted public authority and instrumentality of the
- 15 state and is authorized to issue customer rate relief bonds on
- 16 behalf of the state for the purposes of Section 103, Internal
- 17 Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. Section 103).
- 18 <u>(d) The issuing financing entity must be governed by a</u>
- 19 governing board of three members appointed by the authority. A
- 20 member of the governing board may be a current or former director of
- 21 the authority. A member of the governing board serves without
- 22 compensation but is entitled to reimbursement for travel expenses
- 23 <u>incurred in attending board meetings.</u>
- (e) The issuing financing entity must be formed in
- 25 accordance with, be governed by, and have the powers, rights, and
- 26 privileges provided for a nonprofit corporation organized under the
- 27 Business Organizations Code, including Chapter 22 of that code,

- 1 subject to the express exceptions and limitations provided by this
- 2 section and Subchapter I, Chapter 104, Utilities Code. A single
- 3 organizer selected by the executive director of the authority shall
- 4 prepare the certificate of formation of the issuing financing
- 5 entity under Chapters 3 and 22, Business Organizations Code. The
- 6 certificate of formation must be consistent with the provisions of
- 7 this section.
- 8 (f) The authority shall establish the issuing financing
- 9 entity to act on behalf of the state as its duly constituted
- 10 authority and instrumentality to issue customer rate relief bonds
- 11 approved under Subchapter I, Chapter 104, Utilities Code.
- 12 (g) On a request to the authority from the Railroad
- 13 Commission of Texas, the authority shall direct an issuing
- 14 financing entity to issue customer rate relief bonds in accordance
- 15 with a financing order issued by the railroad commission as
- 16 provided in Subchapter I, Chapter 104, Utilities Code.
- 17 (h) Before the issuance of any customer rate relief bonds,
- 18 the authority and the Railroad Commission of Texas shall ensure
- 19 that adequate provision is made in any financing order for the
- 20 recovery of all issuance costs and all other fees, costs, and
- 21 expenses of the authority, the issuing financing entity, and any
- 22 advisors or counsel hired by the authority or the entity for the
- 23 purposes of this section during the life of the customer rate relief
- 24 bonds.
- 25 (i) Customer rate relief bonds are limited obligations of
- 26 the issuing financing entity payable solely from customer rate
- 27 relief property and any other money pledged by the issuing

- 1 financing entity to the payment of the bonds and are not a debt of
- 2 this state, the Railroad Commission of Texas, the authority, or a
- 3 gas utility.
- 4 (j) The Railroad Commission of Texas shall ensure that
- 5 customer rate relief charges are imposed, collected, and enforced
- 6 in an amount sufficient to pay on a timely basis all bond
- 7 obligations, financing costs, and bond administrative expenses
- 8 associated with any issuance of customer rate relief bonds.
- 9 (k) The authority and the Railroad Commission of Texas have
- 10 <u>all the powers necessary to perform the duties and responsibilities</u>
- 11 described by this section. This section shall be interpreted
- 12 broadly in a manner consistent with the most cost-effective
- 13 financing of customer rate relief property, including regulatory
- 14 assets, extraordinary costs, and related financing costs approved
- 15 by the Railroad Commission of Texas in accordance with Subchapter
- 16 <u>I, Chapter 104, Utilities Code.</u>
- 17 (1) Any interest on the customer rate relief bonds is not
- 18 subject to taxation by and may not be included as part of the
- 19 measurement of a tax by this state or a political subdivision of
- 20 this state.
- 21 (m) The authority shall make periodic reports to the
- 22 Railroad Commission of Texas and the public regarding each
- 23 financing made in accordance with Section 104.373(b), Utilities
- 24 Code, and if required by the applicable financing order.
- 25 (n) The issuing financing entity shall issue customer rate
- 26 relief bonds in accordance with and subject to other provisions of
- 27 Title 9 applicable to the authority.

1 (o) The issuing financing entity may exercise the powers
2 granted to the governing body of an issuer with regard to the
3 issuance of obligations and the execution of credit agreements
4 under Chapter 1371. A purpose for which bonds, obligations, or
5 other evidences of indebtedness are issued under this section and
6 Subchapter I, Chapter 104, Utilities Code, constitutes an eligible

project for purposes of Chapter 1371 of this code.

7

- (p) Assets of an issuing financing entity may not be 8 considered part of any state fund and must be held outside the state 9 treasury. The liabilities of the issuing financing entity may not 10 be considered to be a debt of the state or a pledge of the state's 11 12 credit. An issuing financing entity must be self-funded from customer rate relief property and established in accordance with 13 Subchapter I, Chapter 104, Utilities Code. A state agency may 14 15 provide money appropriated for the purpose to the issuing financing entity to provide for initial operational expenses of the issuing 16 17 financing entity.
- SECTION 4. Section 1232.108, Government Code, is amended to read as follows:
- Sec. 1232.108. LEGISLATIVE AUTHORIZATION REQUIRED. Except as permitted by Section 1232.1072, 1232.109, 2166.452, or 2166.453, before the board may issue and sell bonds, the legislature by the General Appropriations Act or other law must have authorized:
- 24 (1) the specific project for which the bonds are to be 25 issued and sold; and
- 26 (2) the estimated cost of the project or the maximum 27 amount of bonded indebtedness that may be incurred by the issuance

- 1 and sale of bonds for the project.
- 2 SECTION 5. Chapter 104, Utilities Code, is amended by
- 3 adding Subchapter I to read as follows:
- 4 SUBCHAPTER I. CUSTOMER RATE RELIEF BONDS
- 5 Sec. 104.361. PURPOSE; RAILROAD COMMISSION DUTY. (a) The
- 6 purpose of this subchapter is to reduce the cost that customers
- 7 would otherwise experience because of extraordinary costs that gas
- 8 utilities incurred to secure gas supply and provide service during
- 9 Winter Storm Uri, and to restore gas utility systems after that
- 10 event, by providing securitization financing for gas utilities to
- 11 recover those costs. The securitization financing mechanism
- 12 authorized by this subchapter will:
- 13 (1) provide rate relief to customers by extending the
- 14 period during which the costs described by this subsection are
- 15 recovered from customers; and
- 16 (2) support the financial strength and stability of
- 17 gas utility companies.
- 18 (b) The railroad commission shall ensure that
- 19 securitization provides tangible and quantifiable benefits to
- 20 customers, greater than would have been achieved absent the
- 21 <u>issuance of customer rate relief bonds.</u>
- Sec. 104.362. DEFINITIONS. In this subchapter:
- 23 (1) "Ancillary agreement" means a financial
- 24 arrangement entered into in connection with the issuance or payment
- 25 of customer rate relief bonds that enhances the marketability,
- 26 security, or creditworthiness of customer rate relief bonds,
- 27 including a bond, insurance policy, letter of credit, reserve

- 1 account, surety bond, interest rate or currency swap arrangement,
- 2 interest rate lock agreement, forward payment conversion
- 3 agreement, credit agreement, other hedging arrangement, or
- 4 liquidity or credit support arrangement.
- 5 (2) "Authority" means the Texas Public Finance
- 6 <u>Authority</u>.
- 7 (3) "Bond administrative expenses" means all costs and
- 8 expenses incurred by the railroad commission, the authority, or any
- 9 issuing financing entity to evaluate, issue, and administer
- 10 <u>customer rate relief bonds issued under this subchapter, including</u>
- 11 fees and expenses of the authority, any bond administrator, and the
- 12 issuing financing entity, fees for paying agents, trustees, and
- 13 attorneys, and fees for paying for other consulting and
- 14 professional services necessary to ensure compliance with this
- 15 subchapter, applicable state or federal law, and the terms of the
- 16 <u>financing order</u>.
- 17 (4) "Bond obligations" means the principal of a
- 18 customer rate relief bond and any premium and interest on a customer
- 19 rate relief bond issued under this subchapter, together with any
- 20 amount owed under a related ancillary agreement or credit
- 21 <u>agreement.</u>
- 22 <u>(5) "Credit agreement" has the meaning assigned by</u>
- 23 <u>Section 1371.001</u>, <u>Government Code</u>.
- 24 (6) "Customer rate relief bonds" means bonds, notes,
- 25 certificates, or other evidence of indebtedness or ownership the
- 26 proceeds of which are used directly or indirectly to recover,
- 27 finance, or refinance regulatory assets approved by the railroad

1	commission, including extraordinary costs and related financing	
2	costs, and that are:	
3	(A) issued by an issuing financing entity under a	
4	financing order; and	
5	(B) payable from and secured by customer rate	
6	relief property and amounts on deposit in any trust accounts	
7	established for the benefit of the customer rate relief bondholders	
8	as approved by the applicable financing order.	
9	(7) "Customer rate relief charges" means the amounts	
10	authorized by the railroad commission as nonbypassable charges to	
11	repay, finance, or refinance regulatory assets, including	
12	extraordinary costs, financing costs, bond administrative	
13	expenses, and other costs authorized by the financing order:	
14	(A) imposed on and included in customer bills of	
15	a gas utility that has received a regulatory asset determination	
16	under Section 104.365;	
17	(B) collected in full by a gas utility that has	
18	received a regulatory asset determination under Section 104.365, or	
19	its successors or assignees, or a collection agent, as servicer,	
20	separate and apart from the gas utility's base rates; and	
21	(C) paid by all existing or future customers	
22	receiving service from a gas utility that has received a regulatory	
23	asset determination under Section 104.365 or its successors or	
24	assignees, even if a customer elects to purchase gas from an	
25	alternative gas supplier.	
26	(8) "Customer rate relief property" means:	

27

(A) all rights and interests of an issuing

1 financing entity or any successor under a financing order, including the right to impose, bill, collect, and receive customer 2 rate relief charges authorized in the financing order and to obtain 3 periodic adjustments to those customer rate relief charges as 4 5 provided in the financing order and in accordance with Section 104.370; and 6 7 (B) all revenues, collections, claims, rights to 8 payments, payments, money, or proceeds arising from the rights and interests specified by Paragraph (A), regardless of whether the 9 10 revenues, collections, claims, rights to payments, payments, money, or proceeds are imposed, billed, received, collected, or 11 maintained together with or commingled with other revenues, 12 13 collections, rights to payments, payments, money, or proceeds. 14 "Financing costs" means any of the following: 15 (A) interest and acquisition, defeasance, or redemption premiums that are payable on customer rate relief bonds; 16 17 (B) a payment required under an ancillary agreement or credit agreement or an amount required to fund or 18 19 replenish reserve or other accounts established under the terms of an indenture, ancillary agreement, or other financing document 20 pertaining to customer rate relief bonds; 21 22 (C) issuance costs or ongoing costs related to supporting, repaying, servicing, or refunding customer rate relief 23 24 bonds, including servicing fees, accounting or auditing fees, trustee fees, legal fees or expenses, consulting 25 fees,

administrative fees, printing fees, financial advisor fees or

expenses, Securities and Exchange Commission registration fees,

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27

- 1 issuer fees, bond administrative expenses, placement and
- 2 underwriting fees, capitalized interest, overcollateralization
- 3 funding requirements including amounts to fund or replenish any
- 4 reserve established for a series of customer rate relief bonds,
- 5 rating agency fees, stock exchange listing and compliance fees,
- 6 filing fees, and any other bond administrative expenses; and
- 7 (D) the costs to the railroad commission of
- 8 acquiring professional or consulting services for the purpose of
- 9 evaluating extraordinary costs under this subchapter.
- 10 (10) "Financing order" means an order adopted under
- 11 Section 104.366 approving the issuance of customer rate relief
- 12 bonds and the creation of customer rate relief property and
- 13 associated customer rate relief charges for the recovery of
- 14 regulatory assets, including extraordinary costs, related
- 15 financing costs, and other costs authorized by the financing order.
- 16 (11) "Financing party" means a holder of customer rate
- 17 relief bonds, including a trustee, a pledgee, a collateral agent,
- 18 any party under an ancillary agreement, or other person acting for
- 19 the holder's benefit.
- 20 (12) "Gas utility" means:
- 21 (A) an operator of natural gas distribution
- 22 pipelines that delivers and sells natural gas to the public and that
- 23 <u>is subject to the railroad commission's jurisdiction under Section</u>
- 24 102.001; or
- 25 (B) an operator that transmits, transports,
- 26 delivers, or sells natural gas or synthetic natural gas to
- 27 operators of natural gas distribution pipelines and whose rates for

- 1 those services are established by the railroad commission in a rate
- 2 proceeding filed under this chapter.
- 3 (13) "Issuing financing entity" means a special
- 4 purpose nonmember, nonstock, nonprofit public corporation
- 5 established by the authority under Section 1232.1072, Government
- 6 Code.
- 7 (14) "Nonbypassable" means a charge that:
- 8 (A) must be paid by all existing or future
- 9 customers receiving service from a gas utility that has received a
- 10 regulatory asset determination under Section 104.365 or the gas
- 11 utility's successors or assignees, even if a customer elects to
- 12 purchase gas from an alternative gas supplier; and
- 13 (B) may not be offset by any credit.
- 14 (15) "Normalized market pricing" means the average
- 15 monthly pricing at the Henry Hub for the three months immediately
- 16 preceding the month during which extraordinary costs were incurred,
- 17 plus contractual adders to the index price and other non-indexed
- 18 gas procurement costs.
- 19 (16) "Regulatory asset" includes extraordinary costs:
- 20 (A) recorded by a gas utility in the utility's
- 21 books and records in accordance with the uniform system of accounts
- 22 prescribed for natural gas companies subject to the provisions of
- 23 the Natural Gas Act (15 U.S.C. Section 717 et seq.) by the Federal
- 24 Energy Regulatory Commission and generally accepted accounting
- 25 principles; or
- 26 (B) classified as a receivable or financial asset
- 27 under international financial reporting standards under the

- 1 railroad commission's authorization in the Notice of Authorization
- 2 for Regulatory Asset Accounting for Local Distribution Companies
- 3 Affected by the February 2021 Winter Weather Event issued February
- 4 13, 2021.
- 5 (17) "Servicer" means, with respect to each issuance
- 6 of customer rate relief bonds, the entity identified by the
- 7 railroad commission in the financing order as servicer responsible
- 8 for collecting customer rate relief charges from participating gas
- 9 utilities, remitting all collected funds to the applicable issuing
- 10 financing entity or the bond trustee, calculating true-up
- 11 adjustments, and performing any other duties as specified in the
- 12 financing order.
- 13 (18) "Winter Storm Uri" means the North American
- 14 winter storm that occurred in February 2021.
- Sec. 104.363. EXTRAORDINARY COSTS. For the purposes of
- 16 this subchapter, extraordinary costs are the reasonable and
- 17 necessary costs related to Winter Storm Uri, including carrying
- 18 costs, placed in a regulatory asset and approved by the railroad
- 19 commission in a regulatory asset determination under Section
- 20 104.365.
- Sec. 104.364. JURISDICTION AND POWERS OF RAILROAD
- 22 COMMISSION AND OTHER REGULATORY AUTHORITIES. (a) The railroad
- 23 commission may authorize the issuance of customer rate relief bonds
- 24 if the requirements of Section 104.366 are met.
- 25 (b) The railroad commission may assess to a gas utility
- 26 costs associated with administering this subchapter. Assessments
- 27 must be recovered from rate-regulated customers as part of gas

- 1 cost.
- 2 (c) The railroad commission has exclusive, original
- 3 jurisdiction to issue financing orders that authorize the creation
- 4 of customer rate relief property. Customer rate relief property
- 5 must be created and vested in an issuing financing entity and does
- 6 not constitute property of the railroad commission or any gas
- 7 utility.
- 8 (d) Except as provided by Subsection (c), this subchapter
- 9 does not limit or impair a regulatory authority's plenary
- 10 jurisdiction over the rates, charges, and services rendered by gas
- 11 utilities in this state under Chapter 102.
- 12 Sec. 104.365. REGULATORY ASSET DETERMINATION. (a) The
- 13 railroad commission, on application of a gas utility to recover a
- 14 regulatory asset, shall determine the regulatory asset amount to be
- 15 recovered by the gas utility. A gas utility may request recovery of
- 16 <u>a regulatory asset under this subchapter only if the regulatory</u>
- 17 asset is related to Winter Storm Uri.
- 18 (b) A gas utility desiring to participate in the customer
- 19 rate relief bond process under a financing order by requesting
- 20 recovery of a regulatory asset must file an application with the
- 21 railroad commission on or before the 60th day after the effective
- 22 date of the Act enacting this subchapter.
- 23 (c) If the railroad commission does not make a final
- 24 determination regarding the regulatory asset amount to be recovered
- 25 by a gas utility before the 151st day after the gas utility files
- 26 the application, the railroad commission is considered to have
- 27 approved the regulatory asset amount requested by the gas utility.

- 1 (d) The regulatory asset determination is not subject to
- 2 reduction, impairment, or adjustment by further action of the
- 3 railroad commission, except as authorized by Section 104.370.
- 4 (e) The regulatory asset determination is not subject to
- 5 rehearing by the railroad commission and may be appealed only to a
- 6 Travis County district court by a party to the proceeding. The
- 7 appeal must be filed not later than the 15th day after the date the
- 8 order is signed by the railroad commission.
- 9 (f) The judgment of the district court may be reviewed only
- 10 by direct appeal to the Supreme Court of Texas. The appeal must be
- 11 filed not later than the 15th day after the date of entry of
- 12 judgment.
- 13 (g) All appeals shall be heard and determined by the
- 14 district court and the Supreme Court of Texas as expeditiously as
- 15 possible with lawful precedence over other matters. Review on
- 16 appeal shall be based solely on the record before the railroad
- 17 commission and briefs to the court and limited to whether the
- 18 financing order:
- 19 (1) complies with the constitution and laws of this
- 20 state and the United States; and
- 21 (2) is within the authority of the railroad commission
- 22 to issue under this subchapter.
- 23 (h) The railroad commission shall establish a schedule,
- 24 filing requirements, and a procedure for determining the prudence
- 25 of the costs included in a gas utility's regulatory asset.
- 26 (i) To the extent a gas utility subject to this subchapter
- 27 receives insurance proceeds, governmental grants, or other sources

- 1 of funding that compensate or otherwise reimburse or indemnify the gas utility for extraordinary costs following the issuance of 2 3 customer rate relief bonds, the gas utility may record the amount in a regulatory liability account and that amount shall be reviewed in 4 5 a future proceeding. If an audit conducted under a valid gas purchase agreement identifies a change of greater than five percent 6 7 to the total amount of the gas supply costs incurred during the 8 event for which regulatory asset recovery was approved, the gas utility may record the amount in a regulatory asset or regulatory 9 10 liability account and that amount shall be reviewed for recovery in a future proceeding. 11 Sec. 104.366. FINANCING ORDERS AND ISSUANCE OF CUSTOMER 12 RATE RELIEF BONDS. (a) If the railroad commission determines that 13 14 customer rate relief bond financing for extraordinary costs is the 15 most cost-effective method of funding regulatory reimbursements to be made to gas utilities, the railroad 16 17 commission, after the final resolution of all applications filed under Section 104.365, may request the authority to direct an 18 19 issuing financing entity to issue customer rate relief bonds. Before making the request, the railroad commission must issue a 20 financing order that complies with this section. 21 22 (b) To make the determination described by Subsection (a), the railroad commission must find that the proposed structuring, 23 24 expected pricing, and proposed financing costs of the customer rate 25 relief bonds are reasonably expected to provide benefits to
  - (1) considering customer affordability; and

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customers by:

1	(2) comparing:		
2	(A) the estimated monthly costs to customers		
3	resulting from the issuance of customer rate relief bonds; and		
4	(B) the estimated monthly costs to customers that		
5	would result from the application of conventional recovery methods.		
6	(c) The financing order must:		
7	(1) include a finding that the use of the		
8	securitization financing mechanism is in the public interest and		
9	consistent with the purposes of this subchapter;		
10	(2) detail the total amount of the regulatory asset		
11	determinations to be included in the customer rate relief bond		
12	<u>issuance;</u>		
13	(3) authorize the recovery of any tax obligation of		
14	the gas utilities arising or resulting from:		
15	(A) receipt of customer rate relief bond		
16	proceeds; or		
17	(B) collection or remittance of customer rate		
18	relief charges through the gas utilities' gas cost recovery		
19	mechanism or other means that the railroad commission determines		
20	reasonable;		
21	(4) authorize the issuance of customer rate relief		
22	bonds through an issuing financing entity;		
23	(5) include a statement of:		
24	(A) the aggregated regulatory asset		
25	determination to be included in the principal amount of the		
26	customer rate relief bonds, not to exceed \$10 billion for any		
27	separate bond issue;		

1 (B) the maximum scheduled final maturity of the customer rate relief bonds, not to exceed 30 years, except that the 2 3 legal final maturity may be longer based on rating agency and market considerations; and 4 5 (C) the maximum interest rate that the customer rate relief bonds may bear, not to exceed the maximum net effective 6 interest rate allowed by law; 7 8 (6) provide for the imposition, collection, mandatory periodic formulaic adjustment of customer rate relief 9 10 charges in accordance with Section 104.370 by all gas utilities and successors of gas utilities for which a regulatory asset 11 12 determination has been made under Section 104.365 to ensure that the customer rate relief bonds and all related financing costs will 13 be paid in full and on a timely basis by customer rate relief 14 15 charges; (7) authorize the creation of customer rate relief 16 property in favor of the issuing financing entity and pledge of 17 customer rate relief property to the payment of the customer rate 18 19 relief bonds; (8) direct the issuing financing entity to disperse 20 the proceeds of customer rate relief bonds, net of bond issuance 21 22 costs, reserves, and any capitalized interest, to gas utilities for 23 which a regulatory asset determination has been made under Section 24 104.365 and include the amounts to be distributed to each 25 participating gas utility;

collected and allocated among customers of each gas utility for

(9) provide that customer rate relief charges be

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- 1 which a regulatory determination has been made under Section
- 2 104.365 through uniform monthly volumetric charges to be paid by
- 3 customers as a component of the gas utility's gas cost or in another
- 4 manner that the railroad commission determines reasonable; and
- 5 (10) reflect the commitment made by a gas utility
- 6 receiving proceeds that the proceeds are in lieu of recovery of
- 7 those costs through the regular ratemaking process or other
- 8 mechanism to the extent the costs are reimbursed to the gas utility
- 9 by customer rate relief bond financing proceeds.
- 10 (d) The financing order may provide for a centralized
- 11 servicer to coordinate with participating gas utilities who bill
- 12 and collect customer rate relief charges and to provide certain
- 13 collection and forecast data required for calculating true-up
- 14 adjustments. The financing order may not provide for the railroad
- 15 commission, the authority, the issuing financing entity, or a
- 16 participating utility to act as servicer.
- 17 <u>(e) The principal amount determined by the railroad</u>
- 18 commission must be increased to include an amount sufficient to:
- 19 (1) pay the financing costs associated with the
- 20 issuance, including all bond administrative expenses to be paid
- 21 from the proceeds of the bonds;
- 22 (2) reimburse the authority and the railroad
- 23 commission for any costs incurred for the issuance of the customer
- 24 rate relief bonds and related bond administrative expenses;
- 25 (3) provide for any applicable bond reserve fund; and
- 26 (4) capitalize interest for the period determined
- 27 necessary by the railroad commission.

- 1 <u>(f)</u> The authority, consistent with this subchapter and the 2 terms of the financing order, shall:
- 3 (1) direct an issuing financing entity to issue
- 4 customer rate relief bonds at the railroad commission's request, in
- 5 accordance with the requirements of Chapter 1232, Government Code,
- 6 and other provisions of Title 9, Government Code, that apply to bond
- 7 issuance by a state agency;
- 8 (2) determine the methods of sale, types of bonds,
- 9 bond forms, interest rates, principal amortization, amount of
- 10 reserves or capitalized interest, and other terms of the customer
- 11 rate relief bonds that in the authority's judgment best achieve the
- 12 economic goals of the financing order and effect the financing at
- 13 the lowest practicable cost; and
- 14 (3) reimburse the railroad commission, the authority,
- 15 or any issuing financing entity for bond administrative expenses
- 16 and other costs authorized under this subchapter.
- 17 (g) To the extent authorized in the applicable financing
- 18 order, an issuing financing entity may enter into credit agreements
- 19 or ancillary agreements in connection with the issuance of customer
- 20 rate relief bonds.
- 21 (h) The financing order becomes effective in accordance
- 22 with its terms. The financing order, together with the customer
- 23 rate relief property and the customer rate relief charges
- 24 authorized by the financing order, is irrevocable and not subject
- 25 to reduction, impairment, or adjustment by further action of the
- 26 railroad commission, except as provided under Subsection (j) and
- 27 authorized by Section 104.370.

- 1 (i) The railroad commission shall issue a financing order
- 2 under this section not later than the 90th day following the date of
- 3 the conclusion of all proceedings filed under Section 104.365.
- 4 (j) A financing order is not subject to rehearing by the
- 5 railroad commission. A financing order may be appealed only to a
- 6 Travis County district court by a party to the proceeding. The
- 7 appeal must be filed not later than the 15th day after the date the
- 8 financing order is signed by the railroad commission.
- 9 (k) The judgment of the district court may be reviewed only
- 10 by direct appeal to the Supreme Court of Texas. The appeal must be
- 11 filed not later than the 15th day after the date of entry of
- 12 judgment.
- 13 (1) All appeals shall be heard and determined by the
- 14 district court and the Supreme Court of Texas as expeditiously as
- 15 possible with lawful precedence over other matters. Review on
- 16 appeal shall be based solely on the record before the railroad
- 17 commission and briefs to the court and is limited to whether the
- 18 financing order:
- 19 (1) complies with the constitution and laws of this
- 20 state and the United States; and
- 21 (2) is within the authority of the railroad commission
- 22 <u>to issue under this subchapter.</u>
- 23 (m) The railroad commission shall transmit a financing
- 24 order to the authority after all appeals under this section have
- 25 been exhausted.
- 26 (n) The authority shall direct an issuing financing entity
- 27 to issue customer rate relief bonds as soon as practicable and not

- 1 later than the 180th day after receipt of a financing order issued
- 2 under this section, except that the authority may cause the
- 3 issuance after the 180th day if necessary based on bond market
- 4 conditions, the receipt of necessary approvals, and the timely
- 5 receipt of necessary financial disclosure information from each
- 6 participating gas utility.
- 7 (o) The issuing financing entity shall deliver customer
- 8 rate relief bond proceeds net of upfront financing costs in
- 9 accordance with the applicable financing order.
- 10 (p) For the benefit of the authority, the issuing financing
- 11 entity, holders of customer rate relief bonds, and all other
- 12 financing parties, the railroad commission shall guarantee in a
- 13 financing order that the railroad commission will take all actions
- 14 in the railroad commission's powers to enforce the provisions of
- 15 the financing order to ensure that customer rate relief charge
- 16 revenues are sufficient to pay on a timely basis scheduled
- 17 principal and interest on the customer rate relief bonds and all
- 18 related financing costs and bond administrative expenses.
- 19 (q) The railroad commission shall make periodic reports to
- 20 the public regarding each financing.
- Sec. 104.367. PROPERTY RIGHTS. (a) Customer rate relief
- 22 bonds are the limited obligation solely of the issuing financing
- 23 entity and are not a debt of a gas utility or a debt or a pledge of
- 24 the faith and credit of this state or any political subdivision of
- 25 this state.
- 26 (b) Customer rate relief bonds are nonrecourse to the credit
- 27 or any assets of this state or the authority. A trust fund created

- 1 in connection with the issuance of customer rate relief bonds is not
- 2 subject to Subtitle B, Title 9, Property Code.
- 3 (c) The rights and interests of an issuing financing entity
- 4 or the successor under a financing order, including the right to
- 5 receive customer rate relief charges authorized in the financing
- 6 order, are only contract rights until pledged in connection with
- 7 the issuance of the customer rate relief bonds, at which time the
- 8 rights and interests become customer rate relief property.
- 9 (d) Customer rate relief property created under a financing
- 10 order is vested ab initio in the issuing financing entity. Customer
- 11 rate relief property constitutes a present property right for
- 12 purposes of contracts concerning the sale or pledge of property,
- 13 notwithstanding that the imposition and collection of customer rate
- 14 relief charges depends on further acts of the gas utility or others
- 15 that have not yet occurred. The financing order remains in effect,
- 16 and the customer rate relief property continues to exist, for the
- 17 same period as the pledge of the state described by Section 104.374.
- 18 (e) All revenue and collections resulting from customer
- 19 rate relief charges constitute proceeds only of a property right
- 20 arising from the financing order.
- 21 (f) An amount owed by an issuing financing entity under an
- 22 ancillary agreement or a credit agreement is payable from and
- 23 <u>secured</u> by a pledge and interest in the customer rate relief
- 24 property to the extent provided in the documents evidencing the
- 25 ancillary agreement or credit agreement.
- Sec. 104.368. PROPERTY INTEREST NOT SUBJECT TO SETOFF,
- 27 COUNTERCLAIM, SURCHARGE, OR DEFENSE. The interest of an issuing

- 1 financing entity or pledgee in customer rate relief property,
- 2 including the revenue and collections arising from customer rate
- 3 relief charges, is not subject to setoff, counterclaim, surcharge,
- 4 or defense by the gas utility or any other person or in connection
- 5 with the bankruptcy of the gas utility, the authority, or any other
- 6 entity. A financing order remains in effect and unabated
- 7 notwithstanding the bankruptcy of the gas utility, the authority,
- 8 an issuing financing entity, or any successor or assignee of the gas
- 9 utility, authority, or issuing financing entity.
- 10 Sec. 104.369. CUSTOMER RATE RELIEF CHARGES NONBYPASSABLE.
- 11 A financing order must include terms ensuring that the imposition
- 12 and collection of the customer rate relief charges authorized in
- 13 the order are nonbypassable.
- Sec. 104.370. TRUE-UP MECHANISM. (a) A financing order
- 15 must include a formulaic true-up charge adjustment mechanism that
- 16 requires that the customer rate relief charges be reviewed and
- 17 adjusted at least annually by the servicer or replacement servicer,
- 18 including a subservicer or replacement subservicer, at time periods
- 19 and frequencies provided in the financing order, to:
- 20 <u>(1) correct any overcollections or undercollections</u>
- of the preceding 12 months; and
- 22 (2) ensure the expected recovery of amounts sufficient
- 23 to provide for the timely payment of customer rate relief bond
- 24 principal and interest payments and other financing costs.
- 25 (b) True-up charge adjustments must become effective not
- 26 later than the 30th day after the date the railroad commission
- 27 receives a true-up charge adjustment letter from the servicer or

- 1 replacement servicer notifying the railroad commission of the
- 2 pending adjustment.
- 3 (c) Any administrative review of true-up charge adjustments
- 4 must be limited to notifying the servicer of mathematical or
- 5 clerical errors in the calculation. The servicer may correct the
- 6 error and refile a true-up charge adjustment letter, with the
- 7 adjustment becoming effective as soon as practicable but not later
- 8 than the 30th day after the date the railroad commission receives
- 9 the refiled letter.
- 10 Sec. 104.371. SECURITY INTERESTS; ASSIGNMENT; COMMINGLING;
- 11 DEFAULT. (a) Customer rate relief property does not constitute an
- 12 account or general intangible under Section 9.106, Business &
- 13 Commerce Code. The creation, granting, perfection, and enforcement
- 14 of liens and security interests in customer rate relief property
- 15 that secures customer rate relief bonds are governed by Chapter
- 16 <u>1208</u>, Government Code.
- 17 (b) The priority of a lien and security interest perfected
- 18 under this section is not impaired by any later adjustment of
- 19 customer rate relief charges under a mechanism adopted under
- 20 Section 104.370 or by the commingling of funds arising from
- 21 customer rate relief charges with other funds. Any other security
- 22 <u>interest that may apply to those funds is terminated when the funds</u>
- 23 are transferred to a segregated account for the issuing financing
- 24 entity or a financing party. If customer rate relief property has
- 25 been transferred to a trustee or another pledgee of the issuing
- 26 financing entity, any proceeds of that property must be held in
- 27 trust for the financing party.

- 1 (c) If a default or termination occurs under the customer
- 2 rate relief bonds, a district court of Travis County, on
- 3 application by or on behalf of the financing parties, shall order
- 4 the sequestration and payment to the financing parties of revenue
- 5 arising from the customer rate relief charges.
- 6 Sec. 104.372. BOND PROCEEDS IN TRUST. (a) The issuing
- 7 <u>financing entity may deposit proceeds of customer rate relief bonds</u>
- 8 <u>issued by the issuing financing entity under this subchapter with a</u>
- 9 trustee selected by the issuing financing entity or the proceeds
- 10 may be held by the comptroller in a dedicated trust fund outside the
- 11 state treasury in the custody of the comptroller.
- 12 (b) Bond proceeds, net of the financing costs and reserves
- 13 described by Subdivisions (2) and (3), including investment income,
- 14 must be held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the railroad
- 15 commission's policy of reimbursing gas utility costs and applied in
- 16 accordance with the financing order. The issuing financing entity
- 17 shall deliver the net proceeds, as provided in the applicable
- 18 financing order, to:
- 19 (1) reimburse each gas utility the regulatory asset
- 20 amount determined to be reasonable for that gas utility in the
- 21 <u>financing order;</u>
- 22 (2) pay the financing costs of issuing the bonds; and
- 23 (3) provide bond reserves or fund any capitalized
- 24 interest, as applicable.
- (c) On full payment of the customer rate relief bonds and
- 26 any related financing costs, any customer rate relief charges or
- 27 other amounts held as security for the bonds shall be used to

- 1 provide credits to gas utility customers as provided in the
- 2 financing order.
- 3 Sec. 104.373. REPAYMENT OF CUSTOMER RATE RELIEF BONDS. (a)
- 4 As long as any customer rate relief bonds or related financing costs
- 5 remain outstanding, uniform monthly volumetric customer rate
- 6 relief charges must be paid by all current and future customers that
- 7 receive service from a gas utility for which a regulatory asset
- 8 determination has been made under Section 104.365. A gas utility
- 9 and its successors, assignees, or replacements shall continue to
- 10 bill and collect customer rate relief charges from the gas
- 11 utility's current and future customers until all customer rate
- 12 relief bonds and financing costs are paid in full.
- 13 (b) The authority shall report to the railroad commission
- 14 the amount of the outstanding customer rate relief bonds issued by
- 15 the issuing financing entity under this subchapter and the
- 16 <u>estimated amount of annual bond administrative expenses.</u>
- 17 (c) All revenue collected from the customer rate relief
- 18 charges shall be remitted promptly by the applicable servicers to
- 19 the issuing financing entity or the bond trustee for the customer
- 20 rate relief bonds to pay bond obligations and ongoing financing
- 21 costs, including bond administrative expenses, to ensure timely
- 22 payment of bond obligations and financing costs.
- 23 <u>(d) Customer rate relief property, including customer rate</u>
- 24 relief charges, may be applied only as provided by this subchapter.
- (e) Bond obligations are payable only from sources provided
- 26 for payment by this subchapter.
- Sec. 104.374. PLEDGE OF STATE. (a) Customer rate relief

- 1 bonds issued under this subchapter and any related ancillary
- 2 agreements or credit agreements are not a debt or pledge of the
- 3 faith and credit of this state or a state agency or political
- 4 subdivision of this state. A customer rate relief bond, ancillary
- 5 agreement, or credit agreement is payable solely from customer rate
- 6 relief charges as provided by this subchapter.
- 7 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (a), this state, including
- 8 the railroad commission and the authority, pledges for the benefit
- 9 and protection of the financing parties and the gas utility that
- 10 this state will not take or permit any action that would impair the
- 11 value of customer rate relief property, or, except as permitted by
- 12 Section 104.370, reduce, alter, or impair the customer rate relief
- 13 charges to be imposed, collected, and remitted to financing parties
- 14 until the principal, interest and premium, and contracts to be
- 15 performed in connection with the related customer rate relief bonds
- 16 and financing costs have been paid and performed in full. Each
- 17 issuing financing entity shall include this pledge in any
- 18 documentation relating to customer rate relief bonds.
- 19 (c) Before the date that is two years and one day after the
- 20 date that an issuing financing entity no longer has any payment
- 21 obligation with respect to customer rate relief bonds, the issuing
- 22 financing entity may not wind up or dissolve the financing entity's
- 23 operations, may not file a voluntary petition under federal
- 24 bankruptcy law, and neither the board of the issuing financing
- 25 entity nor any public official nor any organization, entity, or
- 26 other person may authorize the issuing financing entity to be or to
- 27 become a debtor under federal bankruptcy law during that period.

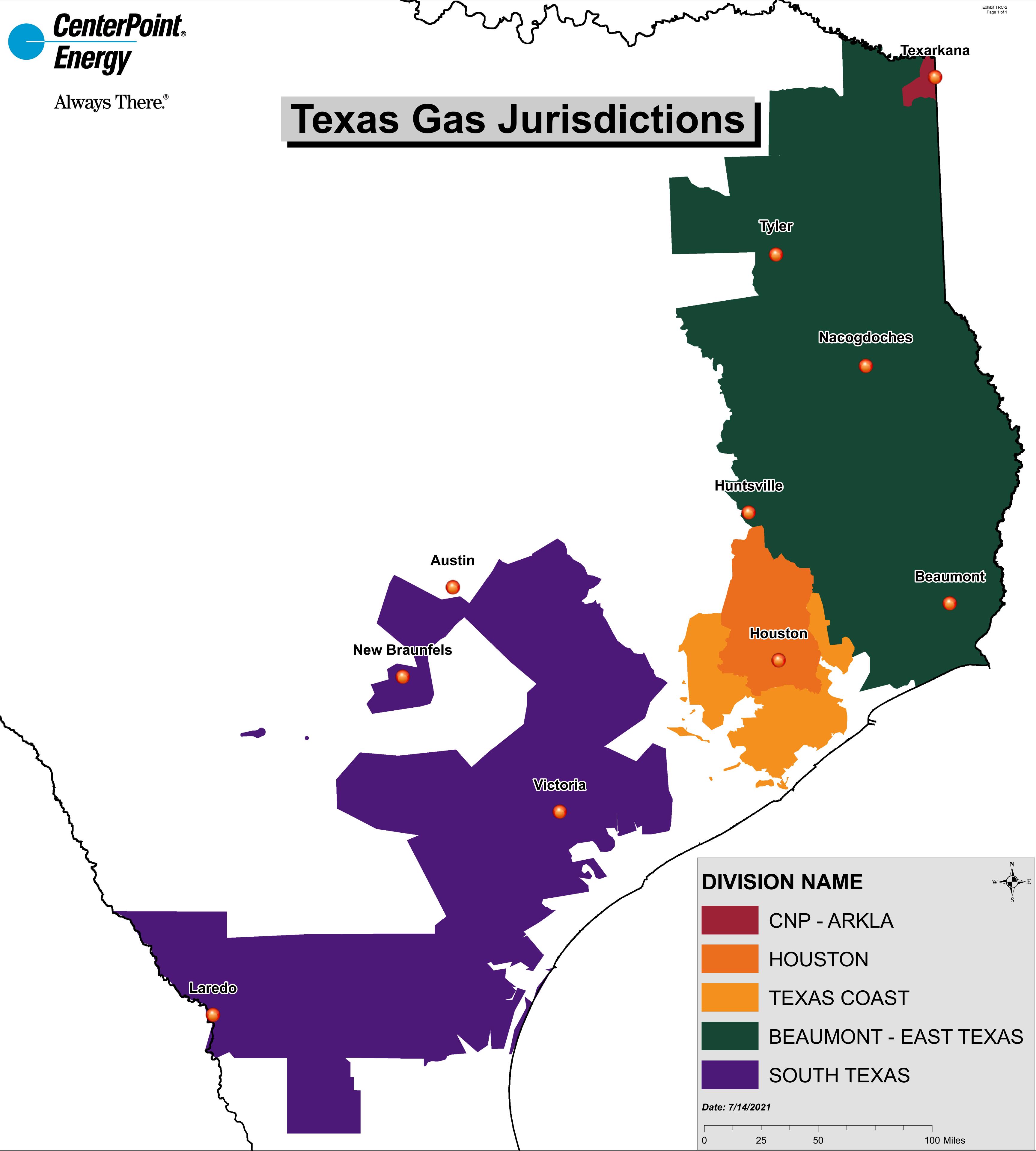
- 1 The state covenants that it will not limit or alter the denial of
- 2 authority under this subsection, and the provisions of this
- 3 subsection are hereby made a part of the contractual obligation
- 4 that is subject to the state pledge made in this section.
- 5 Sec. 104.375. TAX EXEMPTION. (a) The sale or purchase of
- 6 or revenue derived from services performed in the issuance or
- 7 transfer of customer rate relief bonds issued under this subchapter
- 8 is exempt from taxation by this state or a political subdivision of
- 9 this state.
- 10 (b) A gas utility's receipt of customer rate relief charges
- 11 is exempt from state and local sales and use taxes and utility gross
- 12 receipts taxes and assessments, and is excluded from revenue for
- 13 purposes of franchise tax under Section 171.1011, Tax Code.
- 14 Sec. 104.376. RECOVERABLE TAX EXPENSE. A tax obligation of
- 15 the gas utility arising from receipt of customer rate relief bond
- 16 proceeds or from the collection or remittance of customer rate
- 17 relief charges is an allowable expense under Section 104.055.
- 18 Sec. 104.377. ISSUING FINANCING ENTITY OR FINANCING PARTY
- 19 NOT PUBLIC UTILITY. An issuing financing entity or financing party
- 20 may not be considered to be a public utility or person providing
- 21 <u>natural gas service solely by virtue of the transactions described</u>
- 22 by this subchapter.
- Sec. 104.378. NO PERSONAL LIABILITY. A commissioner of the
- 24 railroad commission, a railroad commission employee, a member of
- 25 the board of directors of the authority, an employee of the
- 26 authority, or a director, officer, or employee of any issuing
- 27 <u>financing entity is not personally liable</u> for a result of an

- 1 exercise of a duty or responsibility established under this
- 2 subchapter.
- 3 Sec. 104.379. CATASTROPHIC WEATHER EVENT STUDY. (a) The
- 4 railroad commission shall conduct a study on measures to mitigate
- 5 catastrophic weather events, including measures to:
- 6 (1) establish natural gas storage capacity to ensure a
- 7 reliable gas supply, including location, ownership, and other
- 8 pertinent factors regarding gas storage capacity;
- 9 (2) assess the advantages and disadvantages of
- 10 requiring local distribution companies to use hedging tactics to
- 11 avoid volatile customer rates; and
- 12 (3) assess the advantages and disadvantages of
- 13 prohibiting spot market purchases during a catastrophic weather
- 14 event that contribute to volatile customer rates.
- 15 (b) Not later than December 1, 2022, the railroad commission
- 16 shall report the railroad commission's findings to the governor,
- 17 the lieutenant governor, and the speaker of the house of
- 18 representatives.
- 19 (c) This section expires August 31, 2023.
- Sec. 104.380. SEVERABILITY. After the date customer rate
- 21 relief bonds are issued under this subchapter, if any provision in
- 22 this title or portion of this title or related provisions in Title
- 23 9, Government Code, are held to be invalid or are invalidated,
- 24 superseded, replaced, repealed, or expire for any reason, that
- 25 occurrence does not affect the validity or continuation of this
- 26 subchapter or any other provision of this title or related
- 27 provisions in Title 9, Government Code, that are relevant to the

- 1 issuance, administration, payment, retirement, or refunding of
- 2 customer rate relief bonds or to any actions of a gas utility, its
- 3 successors, an assignee, a collection agent, or a financing party,
- 4 which shall remain in full force and effect.
- 5 SECTION 6. This Act takes effect immediately if it receives
- 6 a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, as
- 7 provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. If this
- 8 Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate effect, this
- 9 Act takes effect September 1, 2021.

President of the Senate	Speaker of the House
I certify that H.B. No.	1520 was passed by the House on April
20, 2021, by the following vo	te: Yeas 139, Nays 5, 1 present, not
voting; and that the House co	oncurred in Senate amendments to H.B.
No. 1520 on May 28, 2021, by th	ne following vote: Yeas 130, Nays 12,
1 present, not voting.	
	Chief Clerk of the House
I certify that H.B. No.	. 1520 was passed by the Senate, with
amendments, on May 26, 2021,	by the following vote: Yeas 29, Nays
2.	
	Secretary of the Senate
APPROVED:	
Date	

Governor



# Exhibit TRC-3 is Voluminous and will be provided electronically.

## RAILROAD COMMISSION OF TEXAS

#### **EMERGENCY ORDER**

WHEREAS, after Notice of Emergency Meeting to consider this Emergency Order was duly posted on February 12, 2021 with the Secretary of State within the time period provided by law pursuant to Tex. Gov't Code Chapter 551, et seq., the Railroad Commission of Texas ("Commission") determined that an Emergency Order is necessary to protect human needs customers in the State of Texas because of current conditions which threaten and health, safety and welfare of those customers, and determined that the existing regulations and Orders of the Commission do not sufficiently address the specific conditions of this emergency; and

WHEREAS, on February 12, 2021, the Governor of the State of Texas issued a State of Disaster in all 254 counties due to severe weather posing an imminent threat of widespread and severe property damage, injury, and loss of life due to prolonged freezing temperatures, heavy snow, and freezing rain statewide; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to the authority granted to the Commission in the Texas Utilities Code, the Commission has the authority to issue this Emergency Order affecting the operation of the gas utility systems in this state to prevent such threats to the public; and

WHEREAS, the transportation, delivery and/or sale of natural gas in the State of Texas for any other purpose other than serving human needs customers should be curtailed to the extent possible and necessary for the duration of this Emergency Order.

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED BY THE RAILROAD COMMISSION OF TEXAS that Rule 2 of <u>Docket 489</u> is temporarily amended as follows:

## RULE 2.

Until such time as the Commission has specifically approved a utilities curtailment program, the following priorities in descending order shall be observed:

- A. Deliveries of gas by natural gas utilities to for residences, hospitals, schools, churches and other human needs customers, and deliveries to Local Distribution Companies which serve human needs customers.
- B. Deliveries of gas to electric generation facilities which serve human needs customers.
- B.C. Deliveries of gas to small industrials and regular commercial loads (defined as those customers using less than 3,000 MCF per day) and delivery of gas for use as pilot lights or in accessory or auxiliary equipment essential to avoid serious damage to industrial plants.
- C. <u>D</u>. Large users of gas for fuel or as a raw material where an alternate cannot be used and operation and plant production would be curtailed or shut down completely when gas is curtailed.
- Đ. <u>E</u>. Large users of gas for boiler fuel or other fuel users where alternate fuels can be used. This category is not to be determined by whether or not a user has actually installed alternate fuel facilities, but whether or not an alternate fuel "could" be used.

E. F. Interruptible sales made subject to interruption or curtailment at Seller's sole discretion under contracts or tariffs which provide in effect for the sale of such gas as Seller may be agreeable to selling and Buyer may be agreeable to buying from time to time.

**IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that gas utilities which have a specific curtailment plan/program that has been approved by the Commission shall ensure that their top two priorities in the plan/program are A and B as listed above for the duration of this Emergency Order.

**IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that this Emergency Order is in effect until 11:59 p.m. Central Standard Time Friday, February 19, 2021, unless otherwise renewed by the Commission in a subsequent Emergency Order.

SIGNED this 12th day of February 2021.

RAILROAD COMMISSION OF TEXAS

Christi (raddick

CHAIRMAN CHRISTI CRADDICK

-DocuSigned by:

Wayne Christian

COMMISSIONER WAYNE CHRISTIAN

DocuSigned by:

Jim Wright

COMMISSIONER JIM WRIGHT

ATTEST:

-DocuSigned by:

Callie Farrar

SECRETARY



#### RAILROAD COMMISSION OF TEXAS

## EMERGENCY ORDER

WHEREAS, after Notice of Emergency Meeting to consider this Emergency Order was duly posted on February 17, 2021 with the Secretary of State within the time period provided by law pursuant to Tex. Gov't Code Chapter 551, et seq., the Railroad Commission of Texas ("Commission") determined that an Emergency Order is necessary to protect human needs customers in the State of Texas because of current conditions which threaten and health, safety and welfare of those customers, and determined that the existing regulations and Orders of the Commission do not sufficiently address the specific conditions of this emergency; and

WHEREAS, on February 12, 2021, the Governor of the State of Texas issued a State of Disaster in all 254 counties due to severe weather posing an imminent threat of widespread and severe property damage, injury, and loss of life due to prolonged freezing temperatures, heavy snow, and freezing rain statewide; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to the authority granted to the Commission in the Texas Utilities Code, the Commission has the authority to issue this Emergency Order affecting the operation of the gas utility systems in this state to prevent such threats to the public;

WHEREAS, the transportation, delivery and/or sale of natural gas in the State of Texas for any other purpose other than serving human needs customers should be curtailed to the extent possible and necessary for the duration of this Emergency Order;

WHEREAS, on February 12, 2021, the Commission held a duly posted emergency meeting and issued an emergency order temporarily modifying current natural gas utility curtailment priorities to ensure the protection of human needs customers; and

WHEREAS, the emergency conditions that prompted the Commission's emergency order continue to exist:

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED BY THE RAILROAD COMMISSION OF TEXAS that the emergency order issued by the Railroad Commission on Friday, February 12, 2021 is hereby extended until Tuesday, February 23, 2021. The emergency order will remain in effect until 11:59 p.m. Central Standard Time on February 23, 2021 unless otherwise renewed by the Commission in a subsequent action.

SIGNED this 17th day of February 2021.

RAILROAD COMMISSION OF TEXAS

Christi Craddick

CHAIRMAN CHRISTI CRADDICK

--- DocuSigned by:

Wayne Christian

**COMMISSIONER WAYNE CHRISTIAN** 

-DocuSigned by:

Jim Wright

**COMMISSIONER JIM WRIGHT** 

ATTEST:

-DocuSigned by:

Callie Farrar

-3581C80DFDE0476..

**SECRETARY** 





Dear Suppliers,

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